PUBLISHED EVERY THURSDAY
IN
MUSSER'S BUILDING,
Corner of Main and Penn Sts., at
$1.00 PER ANNUM, IN ADVANCE;
Or $1.25 if not paid in advance.

Acceptable Correspondence Solicited.

Address all letters to
"MILLHEIM JOURNAL."

The Millheim Journal.

DEININGER & BUMILLER, Editors and Proprietors. A PAPER FOR THE HOME CIRCLE. Terms, $1.00 Per Year in Advance.

VOL. LVII. MILLHEIM, PA., THURSDAY, AUGUST 16, 1883. NO. 32.

NEWSPAPER LAWS.

If subscribers order the discontinuation of newspapers, the publishers may continue to send them until all arrearages are paid.

If subscribers refuse or neglect to take their newspapers from the office to which they are sent, they are held responsible until they have settled the bills and ordered them discontinued.

If subscribers move to other places without informing the publisher, and the newspapers are sent to the former place of residence, they are then responsible.

ADVERTISING RATES:

	1 wk.	1 mo.	3mos.	6 mos.	1 year
1 square	$1 00	$ 2 00	$ 3 00	$ 4 00	$ 6 00
¼ column	3 00	4 00	6 00	10 00	15 00
½ column	5 00	8 00	12 00	20 00	35 00
1 column	8 00	12 00	20 00	35 00	65 00

One inch makes a square. Administrators and Executors' Notices $2.50. Transient advertisements and locals 10 cents per line for first insertion and 5 cents per line for each additional insertion.

The Outer and the Inner Life.

"That within which passeth show."—HAMLET.

There is a song within the lyre
That never yet was sung;
Unborn it lies upon each wire
That loosely hangs unstrung,
Until the minstrel's hand shall strain
The slackened cords in tune again,
The bard's creative spirit give
That song a vocal soul to live.

There is a form that marble holds
Beneath its surface rude,
Deep in the unhewn heart it folds
Beauty no eye has viewed,
Until the sculptor's hand shall scale
Each layer off that stony veil,
Until at last shall stand displayed
The perfect form of loveliest maid.

There is a poem never told
Within the poet's soul,
Like fabled streams o'er beds of gold
Beneath the earth that roll,
Until some spell resistless wake
The soul in rhythmic song to break,
As bursts the stream into the light,
Bubbling with golden glory bright.

There is a love—nor tongue nor lips
E'er told its deep desire;
Burning the heart, it silence keeps
Like subterranean fire,
Until some mighty passion-gust
Breaks through the outward icy crust,
And burning lava-words reveal
That love the heart would fain conceal.

The song's unsung, unhewn the stone,
The poem's rhyme untold,
The hidden fire of love unshown
Beneath the surface cold.
'Tis better thus: the secret kept
The wound unseen, the woe unwept
The outer life's deceitful show,
The inner life that none may know.

—*John F. Waller.*

HETTY'S MISTAKE.

"He's dreadful hard to get along with," said Mrs. Jennings, in a complaining voice. "As full of kinks and freaks as an egg is of meat. But for all that, I think that Mary would have suited him if it hadn't been for Bela Barlow."

"Girls is so queer," said Miss Hetty Boone, screwing up one eye toward a drapery of cobwebs that swung to and fro in the north-east corner of the room. "Ah-h-h-so inconsiderate, too!"

"But it's an ill wind that blows no good to nobody," added Mrs. Jennings, with a Borean sigh. "Pr'aps you can manage him, Mehitable, and in that case it will be a good home for you."

Hetty Boone bridled,

"As for that," said she, "I don't deny that I'd like to keep house for cousin Jacob, well enough. A penny saved is a penny earned, you know."

"But what is to become of us?" whined Mrs. Jennings, shaking out the folds of a calico-bordered pocket handkerchief.

"That's your own look-out," said Hetty Boone, indifferently, as she took off her berege veil and folded it mathematically up inside of her hat.

Mr. Jacob Hopper lived in one of those old peaked-roof farm houses which still stand among the green Connecticut meadows, like relics of a past generation, with a well-scoop on one side and a huge butternut tree shaded its south exposure. Not a vestige of paint remained on the siding, the shingles were patched and repatched, the fence tied up with string and wire, the cow-shed propped with posts of every size and dimension, and yet there was a rumor in the neighborhood that old Jake Hopper was as rich as Crœsus.

He had only one extravagance, that was his flower garden. Roses of the rarest variety bloomed at the back of the house, where early frosts could not corrupt, nor stray boys break through and steal. Expensive bulbs, imported direct from Holland, painted the borders with gold and scarlet in the early spring. Choice shrubs occupied the position of exterminated gooseberry and currant bushes, and everybody believed that Bela Barlow would have gained the old man's good will in that matter of pretty Mary Jennings' love if he had not declared that he would rather have a bunch of good old-fashioned "pinies and tiger-lillies" than all cousin Jacob's Japanese hydrangeas and blotched coleus plants.

"Oh, Bela, how could you tell him that?" said Mary, in despair.

"Wal, it was the truth," said Bela, bluntly.

And as Miss Hetty Boone chanced to be visiting there just at that time, Mr. Hopper invited her to take charge of his household in the place of his widowed cousin and her daughter.

"But it never would have happened, mother," said Mary, with spirit, "if Hetty Boone had not filled his mind with doubts and ill-feelings toward us."

"Oh, Mary, don't be so uncharitable," said the meek widow.

"I don't intend to be, mother," said Mary, "but I'm quite sure I heard her telling cousin Jacob that I used too much sugar in the spice-cookies, and that your way of baking flannel-cakes was foolishly extravagant. She's a sly, contriving old pussy-cat, mother, and that's the long and short of it."

And Mrs. Jennings sighed, and made no answer.

"Don't worry, mother, dear," said Mary, caressingly. "You'll see that we shall get along splendidly. Bela has hired the blacksmith's shop, with the little yellow house in the rear, and I'll raise poultry and spring lambs, and you shall sit in the parlor, like a lady, with your best cap on, every day. Cousin Jacob shall see that we can get along without him, as well as he can get along without us."

Mary Jennings drew up her trim, little figure, and settled the blue ribbon in her braids, with a pretty consciousness of coming success, which, although it might not be authorized, was certainly very becoming. And so Bela Barlow thought, for he added, conclusively:

"That's so!"

But love and youth can afford to be generous. And so the two young people went into cousin Jacob's sick room, to bid him good-by.

"So you're really going to be married, be you?" said cousin Jacob, who looked as yellow and withered as so em elderly mummy, among his pillows, in the semi-darkened sick room. "Oh, these rheumatics-rheumatics! Oh, oh!"

"That's what we're a thinking of," said Mr. Barlow. "It's well now as ever."

"Yes, yes, I dare say," said cousin Jacob. "But don't shake hands with me, please! It hurts! What was we talkin' of? Oh, I remember now! Gettin' married. It's all folly and nonsense, I think, and there ain't no sort of doubt but you'll both come to the poorhouse. But Polly there's a good girl enough, and so I mean to give you a weddin' present, for all you've used me so bad!"

He paused here for a second, to groan over the sudden twinges in his elbow joints.

Bela Barlow's vision pictured a pair of stout working oxen, at the very least.

Mary's imagination depicted a black silk dress, or a set of willow-pattern china.

"And so," went on cousin Jacob, "I'll give you six of them new gladioly bulbs from New York—them as was a dollar apiece, and can't be duplicated at no price now. There!"

Bela Barlow was seized with a sudden fit of coughing.

Mary Jennings answered, meekly:

"Thank you, cousin Hopper!"

And Mrs. Jennings went out into the back kitchen and cried.

"Hetty Boone'll give 'em to you," said Mr. Hopper, complacently. "They're wrapped in a paper on the shelf where the garden tools are. And mind you take good care of 'em. It's just the time o' year to plant them out, and ef they do well, money can't buy 'em."

And Mr. Hopper sank, alternately groaning and chuckling, back among his pillows.

So the young couple were quietly married, and went to live in the little yellow farmhouse behind the blacksmith's shed.

"Hang the gladiolies!" said Bela Barlow. "I've a good mind to feed 'em to the pig."

"Oh, Bela, don't!" said Mary. "Give 'em to me. I'll plant 'em in the little south border. Cousin Jacob meant it in all kindness, you know."

"But what do we care for gladiolies?" persisted Bela.

"Never mind," said Mary; "I'll plant 'em, all the same."

In the meantime, however, a storm was brewing at the Hopper homestead.

Cousin Jacob, who had by this time recovered so far as to hobble about with a stick and a pair of carpet-slippers, did not relish his dinners as he used to do.

"D'ye call this an onion stew?" said he. "Why, there ain't no sort o' flavor about it."

And Miss Boone, who had a chronic catarrh, and could not taste anything declared that the flavor was excellent.

'Humph! humph!" growled Jacob Hopper, "I'd as soon eat so much stewed rags! Put it in the pig's barrel, Bring on your pudding. A man must eat something!"

The pudding—one of the variety known as "b'iled injin"—was brought on, and luckily it proved to be tolerably palatable.

So that, after the mid-day meal, old Jacob went out to look for his bulbs on the shelf.

"I'm late a-plantin' 'em," said he. "But that's somethin' I never could trust any one else to do. But, dear me, this 'ere's a most onaccountable circumstance. Where be they?"

Hetty Boone was summoned from her dish-washing to solve the problem.

"Gladioly bulbs!" said she. "I don't know nothin' about 'em. How should I?"

"But they were on the shelf here!" said old Jacob. "In a flat, yellow pie-plate. Six of the Royal Princess variety, at a dollar apiece."

Miss Boone turned livid.

"I guess the rats has got 'em," said she. "Or, hold on, cousin Jacob—you give 'em to Bela Barlow's wife yourself."

"Them was in a blue pie-plate!" shrilly cried Mr. Hopper. "Where are my gladiolies, Hetty Boone? That's what I want to know. Twelve dollars a dozen! Varieties as can't be replaced not for the mint itself."

Miss Boone wisely got behind the skeleton of the old spinning-wheel.

"Wal," said she, "if you must know, Jacob Hopper, you eat them gladiolies for your dinner. I s'posed they were onions, and stewed 'em up. And, after all, what's the use of such a mortal fuss about a few dried-up old roots?"

So speaking, Miss Hetty fled for her life, and none too soon, for Jacob Hopper had seized the wooden rake in his wrath.

"The Lord be good to me!" said the repentant old man, as the sound of the banging kitchen door warned him that Miss Hetty had got beyond the reach of his rage. "I never struck a woman yet, but I dunno what I might be tempted to do if that creetur had stayed on here."

Mary Barlow was weeding her china-aster bed, when cousin Jacob trudged slowly and painfully up to the blacksmith's shop.

"Mary," said he, "have you planted them bulbs?"

"Yes, cousin Jacob!"

"Well, you may dig 'em up ag'in," groaned the old man. "They ain't nothin' but red onions. Hetty give you the wrong lot. She b'iled the dollar-bulbs in a stew that tasted like old newspapers. I'm p'isoned, for all I know. And I dunno that it makes much difference whether I be or not."

"Oh, cousin!"

"Mary," pursued cousin Jacob, "do you s'pose your mother would come back to keep house for me? Hetty Boone is going to-night. I hain't been half-way comfortable since she came to keep my house. And if you and Bela would come, too, I'd let him have the farm on shares. Somehow, I'm lonesome without you. And these gladiola bulbs have opened my eyes. You nor your mother wouldn't have made such a blunder as that. I ain't ashamed to own that I've been in the wrong, and you in the right. Will you come?"

"Yes, cousin Jacob," Mary answered, heartily kissing the old man.

So ended the reign of Miss Hetty Boone. The fate of the gladiola bulbs had sealed her doom. And all the stipulation that cousion Jacob made, was that their common table should never be desecrated by the presence of onion stew.

Death from Emotion.

From America, says the London *Lancet*, comes the record of a very instructive case in which a man died from fright, and where the death narrowly escaped being attributed to ether. The patient had received a severe injury to his hip during some blasting operations. Some days after the injury a consultation was held in the Wilkesbarre Hospital, and it was considered necessary to administer ether. The man objected to this and urged that his heart was weak, but it was considered necessary to anæsthetise him. This decision seemed to affect the man strongly; he breathed with great difficulty, asked for the windows to be opened, and died in a few minutes. No ether or other anæsthetic had been administered, and he had not suffered any pain from the partial examination of the hip that had been made. No particulars of the actual state of the heart are given, but we are told that a "murmur" was present. There is no difficulty, however, in tracing the death to a powerful inhibitory influence upon a weak heart. Had the surgeons begun to administer ether this death would have been wrongfully attributed to the effects of the anæsthetic.

A Queer Tree.

The queerest of trees must be the baobab, or monkey bread. It grows to the height of forty feet, "but its girth is entirely out of proportion to its height, some trees being thirty feet in diameter. An old baobab in Africa is, then, more like a forest than a single tree. Their age is incalculable." Humboldt considers them as "the oldest living organic monuments of our planet." Some trees are believed to be 5000 years old. You can cut a good-sized room into the trunk of a baobab, with comfortable accommodations for thirty men, and the tree lives on and flourishes. It produces fruit about a foot long, which is edible. As an example of slow growth in England, a baobab at Kew, though more than eighty years old, has only attained a height of four and a half feet. A kindred species of the African baobab grows in Australia. They have been measured, being thirty feet high, with a girth of eighty-five feet.

A REVOLTING SIGHT.

The Ceremonies of a Russian Pilgrimage to the Shrine of St. Nicholas.

In everything that Mrs. Scott-Stevenson writes, says the London *Atheneum*, we find a command of language and descriptive powers far above the average. The writer's energy and endurance, too, are happily unimpaired; she has the same decided opinions, likes and dislikes, and, above all, she holds the same pleasant and unquestioning belief that in every emergency the knot will be untied by her husband "Andrew's" superior judgment, or severed, in the last resort, by his strong right arm. He had certainly no sinecure, escorting a party of ladies for whom an encounter with Greek brigands had more attraction than terror.

The "summer seas" which lave the shores on which most of Mrs. Scott-Stevenson's scenes are laid are the Ægean, the Levant, and the Adriatic. Her opinion of the people of those regions we are probably intended to gather from the motto prefixed to the volume, "Where every prospect pleases and only man is vile." She is shocked at the filth and degradation of the poorer quarters of Bari; but an Italian traveler might match these in our large towns. The most degrading sight she saw in Italy was one with which the Italians had comparatively little to do, viz.: a Russian pilgrimage to the shrine of St. Nicholas at Bari:

They were all dressed in a kind of uniform; the men in gray, bare-footed, with staffs slung over their shoulders, on which were tied bundles of clothes and a pair of boots; the women wore blue serge skirts, gray jackets, and red handkerchiefs round their heads, and, like the men, carried bundles, with a water-bottle and tin mug, on their backs. They were all slowly crawling up the steps with bleeding knees and torn, travel-stained garments, muttering prayers and endless litanies as they toiled upward. On entering the church we saw a shocking sight, so painful that I hesitate to describe it. Four pilgrims were on their knees, with their heads bent down to the ground in the most unnatural attitude, their eyes shut, and the swollen veins standing out like cords from their crimsoned foreheads. A man walked by the side of each, holding one end of a handkerchief, while the wretched penitent held the other, and was thus guided along the pavement. For a few seconds we did not realize what was taking place, but as they crawled onward, we noticed four marks like a dark ribbon behind them, and it dawned on us that they were actually licking the floor! And such a floor! Thousands of only half-civilized human beings had been in the church since daybreak, as the tainted atmosphere but too plainly showed. For over eighty yards these wretched creatures kept their tongues on the rough pavement, over every pollution that came in their way. We were chained to our seats by horror and disgust, and in spite of ourselves stayed till they at last reached the altar steps and were permitted to rise. Their faces haunt me still; the small, cunning eyes, turning stealthily towards us and as hastily turned away; half-shamefaced, half-ferocious looks; the coarse, dirt-smeared features, the matted heads of hair, and the lolling, lacerated tongues bleeding over their chins. And these were fellow-creatures, these benighted wretches, looking like scared wild beasts.

Torpedo Warfare.

Torpedo attack in warfare is receiving pretty close study abroad, and English authorities are viewing the subject in almost every possible light. Altogether, it seems that the attack has considerably the best of the defense in this case, for, after summing up all the known methods of resisting torpedo boat attacks, there seems to be comparatively little comfort to be gained. Torpedo nettings, the use of torpedoes from the ship which is attacked, machine guns and direct fire of large artillery are all considered, and in each case the verdict has been there is more uncertainty than is desirable. The fast torpedo boats, capable of discharging either long projectiles or torpedoes, having enormous bursting charges are decided ugly customers, and no certain way has so far been suggested by which their attacks may be diverted. It is all the more unsatisfactory because the small torpedo boats can easily discharge such missiles at a speed considerably greater than that of the fastest iron-clads now afloat, many of them being able to keep a speed of twenty miles an hour for more than an hour at a time, while but few, if any of the iron-clads will be able to make anything like that speed after having been at sea two or three months. The final outcome of all the suggestions seems to be that Gatling guns of one-inch bore are, so far as known, the most effective weapon against torpedo boat.

A MOTHER'S LAST LETTER.

Written to Her Son Shortly Before His Execution.

Of the thousands who read in the Gazette the report of the Clarksville executions none can have forgotten the touching letter written to young "Jimmie" Johnson a few days before that fatal day. It was from his mother, over whose humble home brooded the desolation of the impending fate of her son, who, though a blood-stained criminal in the eyes of the law, was not less dear to her whose eyes had looked upon him for the last time.

She had received his own letter, and writes: "If I could see you one time more, how glad I would be!" But"—and who can depict the agony the simple words cost their heart-broken author?—"My darling boy, the time is close at hand when you will know your doom. You asked me to forgive you." Ask such a mother to forgive her son—that mother who with streaming eyes replies: "Yes; my dear, if I could take your place I would do it." Who does not believe this? Who does not feel that this poor woman would gladly have mounted the gallows that her darling boy might be saved—and for what? To plunge once more into crime? What of that to her? Was he not her son, to whom she wrote in her sweet, simple way: "The yard is full of roses and other flowers. It would look good if you were here." But he was not there. Never was he to be there again. And though the sun's rays entered the little yard and gilded the sweet flowers with their golden sheen; though the cherries had ripened—"the nicest cherries you ever saw," she writes—not for a moment could the demon of anguish gnawing at this fond mother's heart be driven away. "But, my dear, I cannot enjoy anything. You are never out of my mind." No wonder the young criminal, though walking in the valley of the shadow of death; though already feeling the fatal noose tightening about his neck; though listening to the tramp of armed men coming to bear him to a felon's death—no wonder, even in that awful hour, he forgot his own doom and thought only of her, who in her home, far away, sat in the ashes of a grief unutterable, of a devotion unfathomable, and wept and grieved and prayed as only a mother can weep and grieve and pray! No wonder that he even pleaded that her last letter might be printed, that the world might know how good and noble she was, that the world might see her as she appeared to him, whose errant footsteps had led him into crime, and was breaking her heart!

"The children all send their love to you. John is a good boy to work. Galey and Nan have to work all the time. John does all the plowing. Lydie talks a great deal about you. Maud grows some." How tender and loving! Criminal, murderer, though he was, to that bereft household he was only the absent and loved one; and in her grief the mother could thus write. She felt that he would find consolation in their childish, affectionate remembrance. She could think of all this, and then add in words grandly eloquent in their simplicity, and filled with tenderness and the agony of despair: "I want you to write me one more letter. This may be the last one I can ever write to you. Don't forget to pray, Jimmie. You know how well I love you, and I never got tired waiting on you when you were sick. You don't know how bad I felt when I heard you was sick and I could not be with you. Now, my darling boy, trust in God and don't grieve any more about me. Edy wants to write. All the love to you that a mother can have. Write my dear boy, if you can."

Every line of this letter has moistened eyes with tears. Every line appeals to the sweetest sympathies in human nature. It is the very sublimity of grief. It is the heart speaking. No one who did not feel as this humble, God-fearing woman felt could write as she wrote, in that last letter to the one being she most fondly loved—to the one being who least deserved a mother's love and prayers and tears.

Just a Way He Has.

City boarder to farm hand: "Why does that old looking fowl make that curious noise?" "That rooster that jest crowed? Oh that's jest a way he has, ma'am, of signifyin' that he's a high flyer from up the creek, and can lick all creation, and that he's happy because he ain't old enough by eleven years to make pot pie for summer boarders."

Ex-Governor Stanford of California, owns one ranch at Vina, Tehama county, covering 25,000 acres of land. It will be planted in grapes.

SCIENTIFIC SCRAPS.

M. DeLesseps states that the evaporating power of the sun is less on the site of the proposed inland sea of Sahara than on the Red Sea, and he does not anticipate that the waters will dry up.

Geological examination reveals in the delta of the Mississippi, along a space of 300 miles, ten distinct forests of buried trees. Bald cypresses with a diameter of twenty-five feet have been found.

A Chinese imperial decree has been issued ordering that the telegraphic lines between Woonsung and Shanghai, and between Amoy and Haihon, are to be constructed by the Chinese themselves and not by Europeans or other foreigners.

Prof. Joseph Le Conte has come to the conclusion that the supposed human footprints at Carson, Nevada, are the tracks of a large plantigrade quadruped. He adds that there is an abundant room for honest difference of opinion in the matter.

It is maintained by some scientists that the aroma of fruits increases with the latitude, while the sweetness decreases. Many herbs, such as caraway, are richer in essential oils in Norway than in more southern regions. The effect is ascribed to the influence of the prolonged light of the summer months.

Among Russian geologists the belief appears to be settled that granite rocks, once thought to be of igneous and eruptive origin, are really of aqueous formation. The granite of the rapids of the Dnieper, when closely examined, show stratification, and under the microscope they are seen to contain drops of brown water.

Dr. Julien came to the following conclusions in regard to the life of stones, defining life as the period during which the stone presented a decent appearance. Coarse brownstone, best used out of the sun, from five to fifteen years. Laminated fine brownstone from twenty-five to fifty years. Compact fine brownstone from one to two centuries. Nova Scotia stone will probably last from fifty to one hundred years. Ohio sandstone, the best of the sandstones. 100 years; Caen stone, from thirty-five to forty years; coarse dolomite marble, forty years; fine marble, sixty years; pure calcareous marble, from fifty to one hundred years; granite, from seventy-five to 200 years, according to variety.

The Consternation an Owl Made.

The action of the Washington monument is watched most carefully and its every movement registered. Two plummets are suspended in its inside, one from a height of 200 feet and the other from a height of 150 feet. The movements of these are compared many times a day. The movement of one should be about one and one-half times that of the other if there were no irregular internal movement on the part of the structure But the register shows that the movement is irregular in both direction and in size. Sometimes the plummets move in opposite directions and sometimes in the same. Sometimes the top moves a little, but its whole sway since the foundation was strengthened has been only one-quarter of an inch. All of these movements are very slight, and can only be detected with a microscope. The longer plummet line is encased in a wooden box, to prevent the atmosphere having any effect upon it, and since the finding that the spiders had once drawn the line out of the perpendicular, a careful investigation is made daily, to see that the lines are not influenced by outside causes. Once, when great consternation was caused by the irregularity of the line, it was found that an owl was perched upon the top of the line. It was caught, killed, stuffed and given to Mrs. Hayes, and it is now probably on exhibition at Fremont.

She Took the Medicine.

The doctor had loved her long and well, but dare not mention it. At length she became indisposed and sent for him. He could see nothing materially wrong with her, except a little irregularity about the heart, and at length she asked:

"Well, doctor, what do you think ought to be done for me."

Replied the doctor, "I don't know of any better way than to go to the county clerk's and get a matrimonial perscription."

"What and get married—why who in the world would have me?"

"I will," replied the doctor.

"Oh, dear me, if that is the kind of medicine you are going to give me, it won't be so bad to take after all, will it dear," replied the rapidly reviving young lady.—*Winfield (W. Va.,) Irrepressible.*

Things Not Always What They Seem.

Only the leaf of a rosebud,
That fell to ball-room floor,
Felt from the tinted clusters
Of the big bouquet she wore.

Quickly he stooped and seized it,
"'Tis the leaf a rose," said he,
"Tinted with summer blushes,
And dearer than gold to me.

"Lovely and fragrant petal,
Some sweet summer night, who knows,
I may have a chance to tell her
I treasured the leaf of the rose."

But when to his lips he pressed it,
He muttered in accents wroth;
The blamed thing is artificial,
And made out of cotton cloth."

—*Somerville Journal.*

PUNGENT PARAGRAPHS.

Gayly colored fans are the latest advertising venture. Good thing to "raise the wind."

One of the most trying moments in a man's life is when he is getting his picture taken to send to his best girl, and is just assuming his most angelic expression, and a fly alights on his nose.

"Ma!" called the facetious small boy "Well, dear?" "I'm only one, ain't I?" Yes, love." "Then if I eat this green apple I'll be two, won't I?" "How is that, dear?" "Why, it'll double me up."

Longfellow said, "In this world a man must be either anvil or hammer." Longfellow was wrong, however. Lots of men are neither the active hammer nor the sturdy anvil. They are nothing but bellows.

"Is that dog mad?" he asked the boy as the animal dashed by. "I reckon he is!" replied the boy; "just see a butcher take a piece of meat away from him and kick him six feet into the air. Wouldn' you be mad if that was done to you?"

A young carpenter wants to know "what is a joggle-piece?" Why don't you read your dictionary? Webster says a joggle-piece "is a truss post whose shoulder and sockets receive the lower ends of the struts." Good gracious, we thought everybody knew what a joggle-piece is.

There is a beautiful practice common throughout a portion of Mexico for little children to kneel before a stranger and pray that he may have a safe journey. And the fathers of the children have a practice not so beautiful, of "laying for" the stranger in the forest with a jacknife two feet long.

Do you want to see some fun?" said a small boy to his father. "Don't care if I do," he replied. "Well lets go and listen to Deacon Dumpy tack down his carpets." "I don't think there's anything funny in that," scornfully snorted the parent. "Don't, eh? You seem to forget that the Deacon stutters." "Ah," said the old man. Then they went over to hearken.

Indian Food in Arizona.

All the varieties of cacti bear fruit, which is valued by the Indians for food, says an Arizona letter. They also cook the fleshy leaves of the prickly pear when young, which are said to resemble string beans in flavor. The Indians also use the head of the maguey, or century plant, for food. It is found everywhre in the territory and is cultivated for revenue in Mexico. It contains a large amount of saccharine matter. The century hypothesis in regard to its blooming is a myth, however, long since exploded. Instead of requiring a hundred years to attain maturity and blossom, the plant blossoms in seven years from making its first appearance. It then dies, its mission ended. The leaves, which are fleshy and stiff, with thin edges covered with thorns, branch from the root in long lances, growing to the height of three or four feet. The centre of the plant consists of a large head, something like a cabbage. From this springs a pole, eight to twelve feet high, which branches near the top, bearing a yellow flower. The Indians prepare the head for food by roasting in an oven made of stones sunk in the ground. We had an opportunity to taste a piece of the maguey so prepared, and found it delicious, sweet and nutritious, tasting very much like old-fashioned, home-made molasses candy. If that was a specimen morsel, the Indians deserve no sympathy on the score of their diet, as it was really a luxury.

The juice of the plant is also converted into syrup and a fermented drink, called tizwin by the Indians, and the Mexicans distil it, making an intoxicating liquor called mescal. We also tested this liquor burnt, on an omelet, and found it as good as brandy for that purpose. In its natural state, unburnt, it has a strong, smoky taste, resembling Scotch whisky. Many useful articles are made from the fibre of the maguey, ropes and even paper having been manufactured from it.

The Millheim Journal.

THURSDAY, AUGUST 16TH, 1883.

BY DEININGER & BUMILLER.

Church & Sunday School Directory.

Evangelical.

Revs. B. Hengst and H. A. Benfer, Preach's
Campmeeting near Millheim.
unday School, 1½P. M.—Rev. C. F. Gephart, Supt
Missionary Society meets on the third Monday evening of each month.

Methodist.

Rev. Furman Adams Preacher-in-charge.
Sunday School at 10½ A. M.—D. A. Musser, Sup't

Reformed.

Rev. Zwingli A. Yearick, Pastor.
Preaching in Aaronsburg next Sunday morning—English—and in Millheim in the evening.
Mite society meets regularly on the first Tuesday evening of each month.

United Brethren.

Rev. J. G. W. Herald, Preacher-in-charge.
unday School, 9 A. M.—A. R. Alexander, Supt

Lutheran.

Rev. John Tomlinson, Pastor.—
Preaching in Aaronsburg next Sunday morning, German.
Sunday School at 9½ A.M. B. O. Deininger, Supt.
The Augsburg Bible Class meets every Thursday evening at 7 o'clock.
Ladies' Mite Society meets on the first Monday evening of each month.

Lodge & Society Directory.

Millheim Lodge, No. 955, I. O. O. F. meets in heir hall, Penn Street, every Saturday evening.
Rebecca Degree Meeting every Thursday on or before the full moon of each month.
C. W. HARTMAN, Sec. E. W. MAUCK, N. G.

Providence Grange, No. 217 P. of H., meets in Alexander's block on the second Saturday of each month at 1½ P. M., and on the fourth Saturday of each month at 1½ P. M.
D. L. ZERBY, Sec. T. G. ERHARD, Master.

The Millheim B. & L. Association meets in the Penn street school house on the evening of the second Monday of each month.
A. WALTER, Sec. B. O. DEININGER, Prest.

The Millheim Cornet Band meets in the Town Hall on Monday and Thursday evenings.
J. W. Foote, Sec. D. I. Brown Pres't.

Centre County Democratic Committee for 1883.

DISTRICT.		NAME.	P. O. ADDRESS.
Bellefonte	N. W.	J. M. Ketchiine,	Bellefonte
"	S. W.	Chas Smith,	"
"	W. W.	S. A. McQuistion,	"
Howard	boro.	Ira C. Leathers,	Howard
Milesburg	"	James P. Jones,	Milesburg
Millheim	"	F. P. Musser,	Millheim
Philipsburg	1 W.	C. G. Herlinger,	Philipsburg
"	2 W.	Sol Schmidt,	"
"	3 W.	A. Y. Carpenter,	"
Unionville	boro.	P. J. McDonald,	Fleming
Benner	twp.	Wm. Isiher,	Bellefonte
Boggs	"	Frank F. Adams,	Milesburg
Burnside	"	Henry Mocker,	Pine Glenn
College	"	John Roop,	Lemont
Curtin	"	John McCloskey,	Roland
Ferguson	N. P.	J. T. McCormick,	State College
"	N. P.	L. W. Walker,	Rock Springs
Gregg	S. P.	John Coldron	Spring Mills
"	N. P.	Wm. Luce,	Farmers' Mills
Haines	E. P.	L. B. Stover,	Woodward
"	W. P.	Geo. Bower,	Aaronsburg
Half Moon	twp.	J. H. Griffin,	Stormstown
Harris	"	D. W. Meyer,	Boalsburg
Howard	"	John Glenn,	Howard
Huston	"	John L. Miles,	Julian
Liberty	"	James P. Leiun,	Blanchard
Marion	"	J. J. Hoy,	Walker
Miles	"	Ellis Shafer,	Madisonburg
Patton	"	Agnew Sellers, Jr.	Filmore
Penn	"	P. H. Stover,	Coburn
Potter	N. P.	D. J. Meyer,	Centre Hall
"	S. P.	Samuel Shaw	Tusseyville
Rush	N. P.	William Uhler,	Philipsburg
"	S. P.	J. T. Everly,	Sandy Ridge
Snow Shoe	twp.	Wm. R. Haynes,	Snow Shoe
Spring	"	E. C. Wood,	Bellefonte
Taylor	"	Hepburn Blowers,	Fowler
Union	"	S. K. Emerick,	Fleming
Walker	"	Jos. Emerick,	Hublersburg
Worth	"	M. S. Spotts,	Port Matilda

WM. C. HEINLE, Chairman,
W. MILES WALKER, Secretary.

DEMOCRATIC STATE TICKET.

FOR AUDITOR GENERAL,
CAPT. ROBERT TAGGART,
OF WARREN COUNTY.

FOR STATE TREASURER.
HON. JOSEPH POWELL,
OF BRADFORD COUNTY.

DEMOCRATIC COUNTY TICKET.

FOR DISTRICT ATTORNEY,
W. C. Heinle,
OF BELLEFONTE.

FOR ASSOCIATE JUDGE,
Dr. J. R. Smith,
OF FERGUSON TOWNSHIP.

FOR COUNTY SURVEYOR,
Ellis J. Orvis,
OF BELLEFONTE.

FOR CHAIRMAN OF CO. COMMITTEE.
P. Gray Meek,
OF BELLEFONTE.

UNDER republican rule the government has almost become a self-running and self-regulating machine The President is off to the Yellowstone Park, Secretaries Lincoln and Folger and Post Master General Gresham are with him, Brewster is at Long Branch, Frelinghuysen somewhere in New Jersey, Teller in Colorado and Chandler in New Hanshire—but they all draw their salaries just as if they were on active duty.

What a grand, glorious country this is.

LAST Wednesday Gov. Pattison sent a bill to the house stating that he had approved the judicial apportionment bill and it is now the law.

The other week the JOURNAL stated upon what we believed good authority that Centre, Union and Snyder were joined in one district with Bucher as President Judge and Orvis as additional Law Judge. Last week's Clinton *Democrat* publishes a list of districts and has Centre and Huntdington as the 49th with Orvis as President and an Additional Law Judge to be elected, while the list of districts given by the Centre Hall *Reporter* of last week omits Centre county altogether. Have we a district and what is it?

THE Harrisburg *Patriot* which stuck out against adjournment until now, begins to see that it is the only rational and proper thing the democrats can do under the circumstances. Chairman Hensel's Lancaster Intelligencer is of the same opinion. The JOURNAL is ahead of both and has advised adjournment three weeks ago.

They Should Adjourn.

For some weeks it has been painfully apparent that no apportionment bills would be passed by the present extra session of the legislature. The object for which the session was called will not be reached and the costly session itself is relieved from utter failure only by the passage of a very unsatisfactory judicial apportionment law.

Gov. Pattison did all he can lawfully do in the premises by calling the extra session, and his skirts are clear. The democratic house did its duty fully—and long ago, by passing very fair apportionments, and later by appointing conference committees, but the blind and stubborn party bigots of the senate, who regard party fealty higher than constitutional duty and solemn oath of office, stand in the way. They have issued their *ultimatum*, the infamous McCracken bill—or nothing. It is but too apparent that they intended to prevent all apportionment from the beginning, and thus compels the voters of the state to elect representatives under the present outrageous gerrymander. Their course is but little short of revolution, and yet it is within the *form* of law.

What can be done? The legislature can adjourn. It will be none too soon. The people of the state are thoroughly tired of paying $3000 a day for the farce that is daily enacted at our state capital. Patience is fast ceasing to be a virtue. Let the democrats act in concert. Let the House place itself on record in a sett of resolution so umistakably plain that he who runneth may read, fix an early day for final adjournment, send it to the mulish senate, and go home. The people will settle the matter themselves most effectually with those particular senators and members who are disgracing themselves and our fair commonwealth by their stubborn refusal to perform a plain, constitutional duty. A democratic congress will teach the stalwart bosses of our ring-ridden state that if they choose to violate the plain mandates of the constitution, Pennsylvania must shift along *without* representation in the national legislature.

Hon. Proctor Knott, the democratic candidate for Governor of Kentucky, was elected by a majority ranging almost anywhere between 40,000 and 60,000, which is about all any reasonable man should ask.

PLATFORM

ADOPTED BY THE DEMOCRATIC STATE CONVENTION OF PENNSYLVANIA AT HARRISBURG, AUGUST 1ST, 1883.

The Democracy of Pennsylvania, true to the fundamental faith of their party, reassert their belief in a strict construction and rigid enforcement of the federal constitution; they uphold the sanctity of personal liberty and the rights of local self-government; they believe in that genuine and deep reaching civil service reform which consists in the election to office of honest, intelligent, capable and courageous public servants, who will faithfully administer their trust and who will be held to strict accountability for such a discharge of it, and who will redeem and purge the departments of the general Government from that corruption and fraud with which they have been permeated under the Republican rule, and which that party has shown itself unable and unwilling to eradicate; they believe in such taxation of the people as is requisite for the necessities of the Goaernment economically administered, and that import duties should be so adjusted in their application as to prevent unequal burdens, encourage productive industries at home and afford just compensation to labor, but not to create or forster monoplies; they denounce the proposition of the Republican party that the people should be taxed to raise a surplus fund for the federal government to distribute among the States; the people should only be taxed so much as is absolutely indispensable for the frugal conduct of their affairs—not one cent for surplus and no unnecessary taxation. The existing surplus in the treasury should be faithfully applied to the payment of the public debt. The money not needed for the expences of the Government should remain in the pockets of the people. To this end we favor the entire abolition of the present system of internal taxation as a measure of relief demanded by the people from an unnecessary and unequal burden; they demanded that the Government should redeem all its express and implied obligations as to the coinage; that it shall maintain and defend the dignity of American labor and the rights of American citizens at home and abroad; they insist on reserving the public lands for actual settlers—not another acre for corporation; and they further declare that,

1. The administration of Governor Pattison has vindicated the pledges of reform upon which he was elected; and his upright, intelligent and courageous exercise of the executive power deserves the unqualified approbation of his party and of the people of the commonwealth.

2. The economies enforced by the Democratic House of Representatives and in the department of State Government which have passed under Democratic control, and the abolition of useless officers that were a burden to the people, give assurance that the extension of the contract to other departments of the State Government will be accompanied by real reforms of the extravagance and irregularities which have prevailed under the Republican Administration.

3. Public moneys are for public uses; and all appropriations should be the subjects of rigid scrutiny, to the end that these uses may be served without personal or local favoritism, waste or speculation.

4. The long continued abuses and spoliation of the State Treasury, and the defiance of the law by its management make essential a radical reform, so that large funds shall not be accumulated by taxation of the people, to be distributed among the favored depositories of State officials, but that all surplus in excess of the immediate necessities of the State Government shall be invested in interests bearing State or federal securities until it may be applied to the extinguishment of the State debt.

THE GOVERNOR ENDORSED.

5. The demand of the Democratic Senators and Representatives for an honest, just and true apportionment, is in accord with the rights and interests of every section, and of all the people of the State. The shameless determination of the Republicans of the Legislature to maintain the present dishonest, unjust and untrue apportionment of the State, by their refusal to accede to any fair proposition, is a denial to the people of their right to fair and equal representation, which is the foundation of free government. We commend the Governor for convening the extra session to enforce obedience to the law. We counsel the Democratic members of the Legislature to continue to insist upon that obedience. The cost in money is not to be weighed against the cost of a broken constitution, violated duty and the denial of the rights of people.

6. The long-continued immunity from punishment for political and other crimes which offenders enjoy under Republican control of the Pardon Board has been terminated by the selection to that body of Democrats who have regard for their oaths and duties and who exercise their responsible office without fear, favor or affection.

7. The 16th and 17th articles of the State constitution, regulating private corporations, railroads and canals, are the supreme law of the commonwealth governing them, and these provisions of the law should be enforced in their full vigor and meaning by appropriate legislation. Extortions and fraudulent discriminations are crimes and should be punished as such.

LAWS FOR THE WORKINGMEN.

8. That the action of the legislature in passing laws to protect honest workingmen from being brought into competition with convict laborers is to be recommended, and the Democratic House of Representatives is deserving of especial approval for originating the measures looking to that end.

9. Every legitimate effort of labor to better its condition, enhance its rewards and protect its rights, commands the sympathy and support of the Democratic party, which is the natural foe of monopoly, and the natural friend of the workingman. The present unprecedented and unsatisfactory condition of the relations of labor and capital demands the careful thought of legislators. Due regard should be had to the vested right of capital and claims of private enterprise. Legal arbitration is a proper and commendable means of settling disputes between employers and employes.

10. The tax laws of the State should be carefully revised and so changed as to make them more equal and more just, and bear equally upon all classes of property.

Resolved, That the rules of the party be so amended as to fix the time of the annual meeting of the State committee at 4 p. m., on the Wednesday after the third Monday of January, instead of the third Monday as now provided.

—J. A. LIMBERT will carry express and freight goods from Coburn to any point along the route at the following rates: All packages weighing less than 100 pounds, to Millheim, 10 cts., to Aaronsburg, 15 cts., to Woodward, 25 cts. For packages weighing over 100 pounds a proportionate charge will be made. tf

LEGAL ADVERTISEMENTS.

SHERIFF'S SALES.—By virtue of sundry writs of Fieri Facias, LeVari Facias and Venditioni Exponas, issued out of the Court of Common Pleas of Centre county and to me directed, there will be exposed at public sale at the Court House, in Bellefonte, on Saturday, August 25th, 1883, at 1:30 o'clock, P. M., the following described real estate or the defendants, to wit:

No. 1.

All that certain messuage and tract of land situate in the township of College, County of Centre and State of Pennsylvania, bounded and described as follows, to wit: Beginning at a stone corner on line of Moses Thompson land, thence by the same north 67¾° east 11 3-10 perches to a post, thence by land of William late Tate now John Smith north 34½° west 20 perches to a post, thence by the said land of Moses Thompson south 46½°—18 4-10 perches to the place of beginning, containing one acre and 86 perches. Thereon erected a two-story frame dwelling house, stable and other outbuildings. Seized, taken in execution and to be sold as the property of Emanuel Duey, with notice to all terre tenants.

No. 2.

All the defendant's right, title and interest in and to all that certain lot or piece of ground situate in the town of Port Matilda, Centre County, Penna., bounded and described as follows: Beginning at a point on High Street 16½ feet from centre of Main Tract of Bald Eagle Valley Railroad, thence southwest along said tract 200 feet to a post at West Street, thence northwest along said street 70 feet to a post to Water street thence along Water street 200 feet to High street, thence along High street 70 feet to the beginning containing one fourth acres, more or less. Thereon erected a two story frame shoemaker shop and store room.

ALSO, All that certain lot or piece of ground situate in Port Matilda, Worth township, Centre county, Pa., bounded and described as follows: Beginning at corner of alley on Main street south 199 feet to alley, thence along said alley 90 feet to a post, thence north east 199 feet to Main Street, thence along Main Street north east 90 feet to alley the place of beginning, containing one fourth acre, more or less, thereon erected a two story dwelling house, stable and other outbuildings.

ALSO, All that certain messuage, tenement and lot of land situate in Worth township, Centre county, Pa., bounded and described as follows, to wit: Beginning at a point on Plank Road Street, Wood street in Port Matilda, along Plank Road 199 feet to post, thence parallel with Wood Street 241 feet to post, thence along John —— lot 199 feet to Wood street north 241 feet to the place of beginning, containing ——.

ALSO, All that certain messuage, tenement and lot of ground situate in the township of Worth, County of Centre and State of Pennsylvania, bounded and described as follows, to wit: Beginning at a point on north side of Bald Eagle creek at end of Wood street, thence along said Wood street 758 feet to post, thence along John —— lot 199 feet to post, thence parallel with Wood street 758 feet to post, thence along Bald Eagle Creek 179 feet to the beginning, containing ——. Seized, taken in execution and to be sold as the property of John G. Jones.

No. 3.

All that certain lot of ground situate in Boggs township, Centre county, Pa., bounded and described as follows to wit: On the east by George Taylor, on the north by George Taylor, on the west by George Taylor, and on the south by Public Road, containing two acres, more or less. Thereon erected a single story frame church building. Seized, taken in execution and to be sold as the property of Valentine Reese et al. trustees of Chestnut Grove M. E. Church.

No. 4.

All that certain messuage, tenement and lot of ground situate in the town of Milesburg, Centre county, Pa., bounded on the west by Turnpike St., on north by alley, on east and south by lot of Z. Miles, thereon erected a tannery, dwelling house and other outbuildings. Seized, taken in execution and to be sold as the property of Joseph Shirk.

No. 5.

All that certain house and lot or piece of land situate in the borough of Bellefonte, in the county of Centre and state of Pennsylvania, "Fronting on Wisdoms Way" bounded and described as follows, viz: Beginning at a point on said Wisdoms Way fifty feet southeast of Robert Hepburn formerly T. McCumsey, thence north sixty five and one half degrees west fifty feet to lot of said Hepburn thence along said lot of Hepburn north three and one half degrees east twenty perches to lot of E. W. Hale, thence along line of Hale, north sixty four degrees east fifty feet to a post, thence by other land of said Beaver and Shugert south three and one half degrees, west to the place of beginning. Seized, taken in execution and to be sold as the property of Andrew J. Lucas and Rachel E. Lucas.

No. 6.

All that certain lot or piece of ground situate in Walkerville, in Half Moon township, Centre county, Pa., on the southeast side of Main St. adjoining lots of Mrs. Blakely on the east and lot of Henry Adams on the west, known in the plot or plan of said village as lot No. 21, fronting on Main street sixty five feet and running back one hundred and sixty feet and being the same premises which James S. Cross purchased at Orphans' Court Sale as the property of Geo P. Mattern, dec'd Seized, taken in execution and to be sold as the property of James S. Cross.

No. 7.

All that certain tract of land situated in Boggs township, county of Centre, bounded by lands of McKinneys heirs on the west, McCoy, Linn & Co. on the north, John Harper on the east and Patrick Flinn on the south containing about seventy six acres. It being the same premises which William Curtin in his lifetime sold by articles of agreement to the said John Watson, which articles of agreement, were duly proven in the Orphans' Court of Centre county and the land therein mentioned decreed to said John Watson on the 27th day of Nov. 1876 as by reference will more fully appear. Seized, taken in execution and to be sold as the property of John Watson.

No. 8.

All the right, title and interest of the defendant in and to all that messuage, tenement and tract of land situate in the borough of Howard, bounded on the north by lands of A. S. Tipton and Mrs. Susan Knoll, on the east by the turnpike leading to Jacksonville, on the south by an alley and on the west by lands of N. P. Riddle, containing sixteen acres, more or less, thereon erected a log dwelling house, stable and other outbuildings. Seized, taken in execution and to be sold as the property of William Leathers.

TERMS CASH.—No deed will be acknowledged until the purchase money is paid in full.

T. J. DUNKLE, Sheriff.

REGISTER'S NOTICES.—The following accounts have been examined, passed and remain filed of record in this office for the inspection of heirs and legatees, creditors and all others in any way interested and will be presented to the Orphans' Court of Centre county, on Wednesday, the 29th day of August, A. D. 1883, for allowance and confirmation:

1. The first and final account of J. M. Blair and William Brower, Executors of &c., of Alexander Edmiston, late of Union township, deceased.

2. Distribution account of John P. Taylor, one of the executors of &c., of Rebecca Brisbin, late of Potter township, deceased, distributing dower of said decedent, in estate of D. Brisbin, deceased, to and among those legally entitled thereto.

3. The second and partial account of Jno. M Heverly, sole executor of &c. of James Heverly, late of Howard township, deceased.

4. The account of Robert McCalmant, executor of &c. of Elizabeth McCulmant, late of Marion township, deceased.

5. The final account of Dr. P. T. Musser, guardian of Osborne S. Holloway, a minor child of Sarah M. Holloway, deceased.

6. The account of Agnew Sellers, guardian of Elmer E. Roller and Alda C. Roller, minor children of John Roller, late of Benner township, deceased.

7. First and partial account of Jacob Ketner, executor of &c. of John Ketner, late of Haines township, deceased.

8. The first and final account of Owen Underwood, administrator of &c. of Matilda Bodle, late of Union township, deceased.

9. Account of J. H. Reifsnyder, administrator d b n of &c. of Samuel H. Meyer, late of Penn township, deceased.

10. The final account of M. D. Rockey, administrator of &c. of John Crouse, late of Miles township deceased.

11. The second and final account of John Grove, administrator of &c. of Peter Breon, late of Gregg township, deceased.

12. The account of Barbara Houser, administratrix of &c. of Martin Houser, late of College township, deceased.

13. Account of J. H. Reifsnyder, administrator of &c. of Jacob L. Lose, late of Miles township, deceased.

14. Final account of R. G. Brett, guardian of Lizzie Ward (now Henney) minor child of Uriah Ward, late of Ferguson township, dec'd.

15. Final account of R. G. Brett, administrator of &c. of Hannah Chambers, late of Ferguson township, deceased.

16. The account of Benjamin Kerstetter, administrator of &c. of Daniel S. Kerstetter, late of Penn township, deceased.

17. The account of Robert Glenn, administrator of &c. of Rebecca Bateman, late of Ferguson township, deceased.

18. The final account of James P. Coburn, executor of &c. of James Barber, late of Gregg township, deceased.

19. Final account of Joseph Gates, Trustee to sell the real estate of David Reed, late of Ferguson township, deceased.

20. The first and final account of Jeremiah and Charles Eckenroth, administrators of &c. of John Eckenroth, late of Spring township, dec'd.

21. The account of Jeremiah Haines, executor of &c. of Geo. Weight, late of Miles township, deceased.

22. The account of Albert Owen, administrator of &c. of Margaret Nielson, late of Philipsburg borough, deceased.

23. The account of Christian Alexander, executor of &c. of Mary Mark, late of Penn township, deceased.

24. The final account of Elias Fetterholf, administrator of &c. of John Neese, late of Gregg township, deceased

25. Third account of Daniel Bartges, executor of &c. of John Bartges, late of Gregg township, deceased.

26. The first account of Mary I. Wilson, Geo. W. and Thos. W. Fisher, executors of Thomas Wilson, late of Halfmoon township, deceased, as filed by Geo. W. Fisher and Thos. W. Fisher.

27. The first and partial account of Henry Meyer, executor of &c. of Henry Meyer, late of Miles township, deceased.

28. The first and partial account of Henry Meyer, Trustee of the estate of Henry Meyer, late of Miles township, deceased.

30. The third and final account of Elizabeth Roller and Joseph Roller, executors of &c. of John Roller, late of Benner township, deceased.

29. The account of Michael Confer, guardian of Mrs. Nora Lucas, (late Daughenbaugh) minor child of Jacob Daughenbaugh, deceased.

31. The account of Henry H. Twitmyer, administrator of &c. of Emanuel Twitmyer, late of Walker township, deceased.

32. The account of George Alexander, administrator of &c. of John Bodle, late of Union township, deceased.

33. The first and final account of Dr. J. M. Blair, trustee appointed to sell the real estate of William Blair, late of Howard township, dec'd.

34. The account of Michael S. Fiedler and G. W. Harter, administrators of &c. of George Harter, late of Millheim borough, deceased.

35. The final account of Jonathan Hess and J. G. Reberling, administrators of &c. of James Dunlap, late of Ferguson township, deceased.

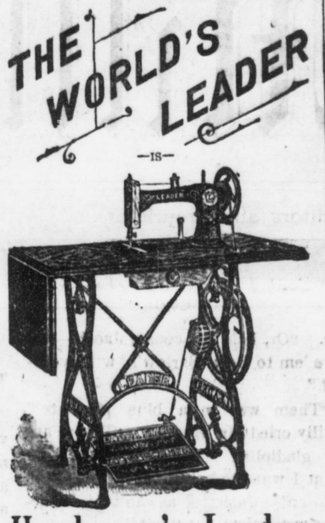
36. The account of John Q. Miles, administrator of &c. of Harriett Williams, late of Huston township, deceased.

37. The account of Aaron P. Zerby, administrator of &c. of Reuben S. Zerby, late of Penn township, deceased.

38. The account of Albert Owen, administrator d b n c t a of &c. of John D. Simler, late of Philipsburg borough, deceased.

39. The account of Jas. S. McCalmant, Robert McCalmant and William Shortlidge, executors of &c. of Jas. A. McCalmant, late of Marion township, deceased, as filed by Wm. Shortlidge.

JAMES A. McCLAIN, Register.



Henderson's Leader.

IT IS NOT ONLY THE BEST-MADE, BUT IT IS THE LIGHTEST-RUNNING, QUIETEST AND SIMPLEST IN THE MARKET.

IT IS THE ACME OF PERFECTION IN WORKMANSHIP AND PRINCIPLE.

OUR MOTTO
PROTECTION TO DEALERS;
MAINTENANCE OF GOOD RETAIL PRICES;
NO PROMISCUOUS SCATTERING OF WHOLESALE PRICES.

Agents WANTED.

FOR PARTICULARS ADDRESS
The Leader Sewing Machine Co.,
CLEVELAND, OHIO.

WEBSTER M'F'G CO. Limited,
MANUFACTURERS OF
"OUR IMPROVED"
WIND MILL,
AND DEALERS IN
PUMPS, TANKS, PIPE,
Fittings, Brass Goods,
and all things connected with
Machinery & Water Supplies.

Atwater St. 51, 53, 55 & 57 Factory,

OFFICES,
31 & 33 Randolph St.

Send for ILLUSTRATED CATALOGUE AND PRICE LIST.

ADDRESS
THE WEBSTER M'F'G CO. LIMITED,
DETROIT, MICH.

Once again we call attention to our large line of

FURNITURE, &c.,

Parlor Suites, Chamber Suites, Dining Room Furniture, Tables, Stands, Chairs, Bureaus, Bedsteads, Springs of every description, Hair, Cotton, Husk and Straw Mattresses. We make a specialty of Hair Mattresses, and guarantee a better Mattress for less money than can be purchased elsewhere. Sofas, Lounges, Cradles, Hall Stands, Centre Tables, Easy Chairs, Book Cases, Wardrobes, Mirrors, Frames, —What-Nots, Etc., Etc.,—

CARPETS!

BODY BRUSSELS, a fine line at low prices.
MOQUETTS, Smith's best, at $1.50—worth $2.00.
ROXBURY TAPESTRIES at $1.00; sold nowhere else for less than $1.25
LOWELL and other standard makes of extra super, at 75c. to 90c.
SINGLE and DOUBLE C. C. INGRAIN, 25 to 50c.
VELVETS, a large line at low prices.
A large line of Velvet, Smyrna, Turkish and other Rugs in novel and beautiful designs.
Also many other grades of standard carpets.
Extra Super CRUMB CLOTH.
CANTON MATTINGS, Red Check and fancy colors, 15 to 50c.
LINCOLEUM, Six different patterns.
OIL CLOTHS, 4-4 to 10-4, all prices and qualities.
WINDOW SHADES and Shade cloth in great variety.
Wall Paper—the greatest variety and finest designs in Modern Art Paper Hanging.
All our patterns are selected for the best Retail Trade

MUSICAL INSTRUMENTS

CHICKERING PIANOS—The Standard of the World.
VOSE PIANOS—The Best for the Money.
SMITH AMERICAN ORGANS—None Better.
Bridgeport, Taylor & Farley, Palace, Ithaca, Waterloo, Sterling, and all other First-Class Make of Organs. SHEET MUSIC, and a great variety of small Musical Instruments. ALL SOLD AT LOW PRICES.

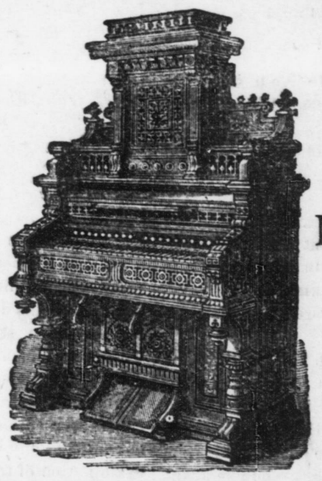
CHINA AND SILVERWARE!

We have a fine stock in this department. We wish to close out and offer extra inducements to purchasers.
We invite the attention of every purchaser to the inducements we offer.
We handle goods in the largest quantities.
We are willing to sell at small margin.
the goods we handle are regular.
Correspondence and mail orders especially solicited.

J. R. SMITH & CO.,
110, 112, 114 Front street, Milton, Pa.

BELLEFONTE
MUSIC STORE

PIANOS.
CHICKERING,
STEINWAY,
HAINES.
HARDMAN,
ARION.



ORGANS.
ESTEY,
MASON & HAMLIN,
BURDETT,
SMITH AMERICAN,
SHONINGER
AND OTHERS.

GUITARS, VIOLINS, HARMONICAS,

ORGUINETTES, VIOLIN BOXES, ACCORDEONS,
SHEET MUSIC, MUSIC BOOKS, MUSIC HOLDERS,
MUSIC RACKS, PIANO COVERS, PIANO STOOLS.

PIANO AND ORGAN INSTRUCTORS—in short, Everything in the Musical Line.

DOMESTIC SEWING MACHINES, NEEDLES, OIL AND PARTS.

FINE STOCK OF JEWELRY AND SILVERWARE.

BUNNELL & AIKENS,

Southwest Corner Allegheny and Bishop Streets, Bellefonte, Pa.

Any of the above PIANOS or ORGANS can also be purchased through W. T. MEYER, AARONSBURG, PA.

The Millheim Journal.

THURSDAY, AUGUST 16TH, 1883.

BY DEININGER & BUMILLER.

LOCAL DEPARTMENT.

—Oats harvest.

—Potatoes getting plenty.

—Campmeeting and picnics.

—Dry weather and dusty streets.

—Increasing—our subscription list.

—J. Spigelmeyer's new house on Penn Street is nearing completion.

—The delegate election on Saturday was a rather dull affair and but a light vote was cast.

—Mr. D. A. Musser and lady, returned from their Iowa trip all safe and sound on Friday evening.

—The Ready Reference Tax Receipt Book for men, and Jersey Jackets for the dear ladies, are all the rage.

—Our Methodist friends have put a new, substantial roof on their church. Persumably an entire overhauling and painting will soon follow.

—Mr. B. F. *Economist*, of Milton, was in town again last week. Frank still thinks Millheim is a good place to visit. So it is—*and to stay*.

—It affords us pleasure to state that Rev. Herald's select school is a success. He has already established a reputation as a competent and efficient teacher.

—Really, what a cooling effect oats stubbles have on the atmosphere. 'Tis now 'stonishing—said the old lady, that as soon as the oats is mown the weather gets cooler.

—The Reformed and Lutheran Sunday Schools of Aaronsburg will have a joint basket picnic in Coburn's Grove, a short distance east of town, Saturday, September first.

—Don't skip over the democratic Platform on another page. Read it carefully and entirely, if you are a democrat—if a republican it is the more necessary for your political good.

—Deininger & Musser placed a very fine monument at the grave of our deceased fellow-citizen, Mr. William Miller. It reflects much credit on his surviving consort as well as upon the makers.

—Robert B. Wilson, a son of the late Dr. Charles E. Wilson, of New Berlin, committed suicide at the Collonade Hotel, New York, on Monday night the 7th instant, by shooting himself in the head.

—From the Mifflinburg *Telegraph* we we learn that Rev. A. C. Felker has accepted a call from the New Berlin Lutheran charge. Mr. Felker served the Aaronsburg charge some sixteen years ago.

—The other Friday Mr. Samuel Hassenplug, of Mifflinburg who is laboring under a disturbed state of mind, attempted to commit suicide by stabbing himself in the abdomen. The wound is not dangerous.

—Several of our citizens on Main Steet turned street sweepers yesterday in order to give the town an improved look during campmeting. Cleanliness next to godliness—in this case it even precedes godliness.

—Rev. W. M. Landis has resigned the Rebersburg (Reformed) charge and goes to Adamsburg, Snyder county. We much regret to lose him, as a neighbor, friend, and faithful mininister of the Gospel.

—The meeting of the Centre County Sunday School Association, at Spring Mills, next Thursday, should be well attended, especially by Superintendents, officers and teachers. See *order of exercises* at another place.

—Rev. J. W. Goodlin, of York, for twelve years the able Secretary of the Board of Home Missions, has accepted a call from the Salona (Lutheran) charge. Mr. G. is an able preacher and a most excellent christian man.

—A new, Pennsylvania Pin Brake Grain Drill, with Phosphate Attachment, made at A. B. Farquhar's celebrated Agricultural Implement Works, York, Pa., for sale at a bargain. For particulars call at the JOURNAL office.

—Dinges, Vonada & Co., the live merchants at Coburn, expect to occupy their fine new store building by about the middle of September. They expect to keep a very large line of all lines of merchandise and sell at rock bottom prices.

—Rev. E. D. Keen is here visiting and attending campmeeting—throwing two birds with one stone. *Man* looks first rate. It seems the Gospel business agrees well with him. We consider it a trifle thin in him, though, that he didn't bring *sie* along.

—Mr. M. Harris, the active and genial millinery and fancy goods merchant of Lewisburg, was here on Saturday. He was well pleased with Millheim and what he saw and heard. Call again Michael, right soon—and don't forget to bring your *better* half along.

—All persons who will attend the Sabbath School Convention here on the 23rd inst. and want to secure homes before hand should address the Committee of entertainment as early as possible.

W. H. Bartholemew,
Mrs. Florence J. Rearick,
Committee.

—It affords us unfeigned pleasure to state that Yoney Kreamer has improved much since our last issue. His physician has good hope for entire recovery.

—Mr. Jacob Kamp, Lock Haven's boss shoe dealer, is now off on a business trip to New York and Boston to buy a large fall and winter stock of boots and shoes. Mr. Kamp, also expects to try his luck in fishing in Boston harbor, as one of a party of ten to twenty persons. Hope he may enjoy himself grandly, and have a big fall trade, all which he fully deserves.

—One day last week we were made happy by a call by Rev. John P. Norman, of Monongahela City, Pa., where he resides and is actively at work as an Episcopal minister. Mr. Norman, is—rather was—a Millheim boy, a schoolmate and companion of our boyhood. O! the changes—the wonderful changes that have taken place all around and *within* us since those happy years have fled. And now he is engaged in the noble work for the Master—and we are trying to edit a paper.

—Our school board at their meeting on Saturday evening took an advance step in the cause by extending the school term to six months. They purpose to have four months school during the winter and two months in the Summer. Now let them second the good move by employing competent teachers, and keeping a *systematic* supervision over the schools, and the results cannot be otherwise than salutary. Our schools need all the encouragement and aid the board and citizens can give them.

—STRAYED OR STOLEN, from the residence of the subscriber in Aaronsburg, on the 31st of May last, a dark red cow, with a little white along the belly and from rump to tail, medium size, heavy set and short legged, and heavy with calf at the time. Any information that leads to the recovery of the cow will be liberally rewarded by

CHARLES C. BELL.

—THOUGHTS AND EVENTS, is the title of a new little paper published at Centre Hall, the first number of which is before us. It is neat, newsy and well gotten up—only we take the liberty to suggest that succeeding editorials will read quite as well with a trifle less *taffy*. No editors or publishers are named, but it seems that C. F. Deininger runs the mechanical and business departments. Presumably it is edited by the publishers and published by the editors. The new venture has our best wishes.

—The sale of the real estate of the late John D. Foote, deceased, on Friday last was rather spirited and the several properties sold brought good prices. Following are the purchasers and amounts paid:

Dr. John F. Harter bought the old John Harter homestead for $663; B. F. Kister the White House, for $433; S. K. Faust the store property, for $520; B. F. Miller the house at Petersburg for $235. The house occupied by Dennis Lose and the one at the creek were not knocked off and the sale was adjourned to the 24th instant.

To-morrow (Friday) there will be another chance. The two houses of the late John Keen, ten acres of land and the farm above town will be sold by the trustee, Henry Keen.

The Ready Reference Tax Receipt Book, with Summary Index Arranged for Ten Years. By a Country Editor.

THE READY REFERENCE TAX RECEIPT BOOK will commend itself to practical business men at sight. Its forms are so concise and plain that all may readily understand and use them. The Summary Index will show at a glance the increase or decrease of assessed valuation and taxes from year to year for a period of ten years.

Every taxable citizen, and especially every voter, should make it a rule to take receipts for all taxes paid. This is not only prudent on business principles, but actually necessary in order to enjoy the continued right to vote. It is also a matter of no small consideration to have all tax receipts for a series of years together in convenient form for reference and comparison.

The indications are that this little book will have a very extensive sale. Every citizen needs one.

For sale at the JOURNAL STORE and by the trade generally. Price 40 cents.

CENTRE COUNTY TEACHERS' EXAMINATIONS, 1883.

Taylor—Hannah	Friday	"	17
Philipsburg and Rush—Philipsburg	Saturday	August	18
Unionville and Union—Unionville	Monday	August	20
Liberty—Eagleville	Tuesday	"	21
Howard and Curtin—Howard	Wednesday	August	22
Walker—Hublersburg	Tuesday	"	28
Marion—Jacksonville	Wednesday	"	29
Milesburg and Boggs—Milesburg	Thursday	August	30
Spring—Pleasant Hill	Friday	"	31
Benner—Knox' School House	Sat.	Sept.	1
Patton—Waddle's School House	Monday	Sept.	3
Halfmoon—Stormstown	Tuesday	"	4
College—Lemont	Wednesday	"	5
Ferguson—Pine Grove	Thursday	"	6
Harris—Boalsburg	Friday	"	7
Millheim and Penn—Millheim	Monday	Sept.	10
Haines—Aaronsburg	Tuesday	"	11
Miles—Rebersburg	Wednesday	"	12
Potter—Centre Hall	Thursday	"	13
Gregg—Spring Mills	Friday	"	14

A special examination will be held in the school house, Bellefonte, Saturday, Oct. 6; applicants must come recommended by three directors of the district in which they intend to teach.

Examinations begin at 9 o'clock a. m., applicants must be punctual.

A meeting of directors is desired on each day of examination. They should permit none, except persons of good character, to enter the classes.

D. M. WOLF, Co. Supt.

—Mr. Adam Bartges, one of the best farmers in Haines township, reported the other day that he and four hands threshed and cleaned 1800 common-sized sheaves of wheat, which yielded 124 bushels of good, clean wheat, making 6 bushels, 3 peck and 4 & four ninths quarts to the hundred sheaves. The work was done with a common horse power thresher. Truly a good day's work and a prolific yield.

The Centre County Sunday School Association.

The Fourteenth Annual Convention will be held in the Presbyterian church, Spring Mills, Penna., Thursday, August 23rd, 1883. Order of exercises: Forenoon—9:30 a. m.—1. Scripture Promise and Praise Services. 10. a. m.—2. Normal Exercises. *Subject*—How to study an Internation S. S. Lesson (Judg. 7:1 8) so as to succeed in teaching it to (a) An adult class. (b) An Intermediate class. (c) Primaries or Infant class. 11. a. m.—3. Address and Discussion. Sunday School Literature. (a) Character of Library Books and Papers. (b) Character of Books. Lesson Helps, Charts &c. to be used in School.

Afternoon—1:30 p. m.—4. Scholars' Hour. Exercises illustrating approved methods of conducting a S. S. Session. 2:30 p. m.—5. Address and Disscussion. (a) Evergreen Sunday Schools. (b) "Patient continuance in well-doing." 3:45. p. m. —6. (Address on County and State work.)

7:30. p. m.—7. Service of song. 8. Address—What the Sunday School has done for the Church and World. 10 Address—What the Sunday School has yet to do for the Church and World. 10. Address—The Word of God and its study for all People.

OBSERVE FIRST—The three sessions are open to all. Each Sunday School is invited to appoint two delegates, one of them to be the Superintendent if possible. All preachers in the county are delegates ex-officio.

SECOND—All persons present should come prepared to take part in the various exercises of the Convention.

THIRD—In order to secure homes beforehand those who desire entertainment will forward their names as early as possible to Prof. D. M. Wolf, Spring Mills.

FOURTH—Each family attending the forenoon session, expecting to remain for the afternoon, is requested to bring a basket lunch, to be taken at the church during the noon recess.

FIFTH—Since everything worth anything costs something, each delegate is desired to come prepared to assist in defraying the necessary expences of the Convention.

SIXTH.—"In the unity of the faith," let us spend this one day in sweet christian council and earnest endeavor to further the interests of the Redeemer's Kingdom in Centre county.

Rev. S. E. FURST, *President*.
SYLVESTER D. RAY, *Secretary*.

EXECUTIVE COMMITTEE

Revs. R. Crittenden, John Hewitt, W. E. Fisher, J. Zeigler, and E. B. Morris; Messrs. J. W. Gephart, D. S. Keller, F. P. Green, and H. L. Harvey.

St. Elmo Hotel,
Nos. 317 & 319 ARCH ST.,
PHILADELPHIA.

RATES REDUCED TO $2.00 PER DAY.

The traveling public will still find at this Hotel the same liberal provision for their comfort. It is located in the immediate centres of business and places of amusement and the different Rail-Road depots, as well as all parts of the city, are easily accessible by Street Cars constantly passing the doors. It offers special inducements to those visiting the city for business or pleasure.

Your patronage respectfully solicited.

Jos. M. Feger, Proprietor.

Is Blaine Out of the Race?

From the Pittsburg Post.

There seems to be the best of authority that Mr. Blaine has taken himself out of the race for the presidential nomination. He does not pretend, nor do his intimates for him, that his ambition to be president has been quenched. The reason for not seeking the nomination grows out of his conception of the republican prospects. Mr. Blaine believes the republican party must go next year. It is under such circumstances Mr. Arthur is having matters pretty much his own way. His fences, under the care of the office holding brigade, are in prime condition.

Taggart and Powell.

From the Williamsport Sun and Banner (dem.)

Joseph Powell, of Bradford county, has a relative strength that will secure him in Northern Pennsylvania thousands of votes from the opposition ranks. He is a business man of the highest type; honorable, courteous and reliable. A democrat, whose identification with public matters in congress and as an adviser, place him among the few whose service entitle him to recognition. Although in a district that gave five thousand republican majority, Mr. Powell was elected to congress, and discharged his duties in a way that reflected the highest credit. It is such men that build up and strengthen organizations, and the more we have of that character the better. Robert Taggart, of Warren, is also one of the people. A man of character and of fair abilities.

Governor Pattison on the Ticket.

Governor Pattison was interviewed on the ticket by a *Times* reporter the other day.

He spoke in the highest terms of the Democratic nominees, Taggart and Powell, whom he knows personally, as being the representatives of the people in the best sense of the word. He felt certain of the success of the ticket, and declared that the result in Pennsylvania would not depend upon the success or failure of the Democratic ticket in Ohio.

ADVICE TO MOTHERS.

Are you disturbed at night and broken of your rest by a sick child suffering and crying with pain of cutting teeth? If so, send at once and get a bottle of MRS. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP FOR CHILDREN TEETHING. Its value is incalculable. It will relieve the poor little sufferer immediately. Depend upon it, mothers, there is no mistake about it. It cures dysentery and diarrhoea, regulates the stomach and bowels, cures wind colic, softens the gums, reduces inflammation, and gives tone and energy to the whole system. MRS. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP FOR CHILDREN TEETHING is pleasant to the taste, and is the prescription of one of the oldest and best female physicians and nurses in the United States, and is for sale by all druggists throughout the world. Price 25 cents a bottle.

MARRIED.

On the 29th ult., at the Lutheran parsonage, Rebersburg by Rev. A. K. Zimmerman, Mr. Jackson A. Ocker, of Adamsburg, Snyder county, and Miss Amanda J. Kerstetter of Brush Valley.

On the 9th inst. at the Evangelical parsonage, Thompsontown, Pa., by Rev. E. D. Keen, Mr. G. S. Kepner and Miss Mary D. Craig, both of East Salem, Juniata county, Pa.

DIED.

Suddenly of apoplexy, at Burlington, Kansas, on the 2nd inst., Mr. James Huston, formerly of Nittany, in this county.

On the 25th ult., in Lamar township, Clinton county, Mrs. Elizabeth Brumgard, aged 67 years, 4 months and 28 days.

On the 10th inst., near Penn Hall, Mrs Sarah Rockey, wife of John Rockey, deceased, aged 80 years, 11 months and 9 days.

Millheim Market.

Corrected every Wednesday

Wheat, old	1.05
" new, No. 2	95
" " No. 3	75
Corn	65
Rye	70
Oats White	
Buckwheat	
Flour	5.60
Bran & Shorts, per ton	20.00
Salt, per Brl	1.50
Plaster, ground	9.50
Cement, per Bushel	45 to 50
Barley	
Tymothyseed	
Flaxseed	
Cloverseed	8.50
Butter	18
Hams	17
Sides	13
Veal	
Pork	
Beef	
Eggs	18
Potatoes	60
Lard	15
Tallow	
Soap	5
Dried Apples	
Dried Peaches	
Dried Cherries	

COAL MARKET AT COBURN.

Egg Coal	$5.25
Stove "	5.25
Chestnut	5.00
Pea	3.50
Pea by the car load	3.40

A. HARTER,
Auctioneer,
MILLHEIM, PA.

W. J. SPRINGER,
Fashionable Barber,
Next Door to JOURNAL Store, Main Street,
MILLHEIM, PA.

DR. D. H. MINGLE,
Physician & Surgeon,
Office on Main Street.
MILLHEIM, PA.

DR. JOHN F. HARTER,
Practical Dentist,
Office opposite the Millheim Banking House,
MAIN STREET, MILLHEIM, PA

ADAM HOY,
Attorney-at-Law,
BELLEFONTE, PA.
Orphans' Court Business a Speciality.

WM. C. HEINLE,
Attorney-at-Law
BELLEFONTE, PA.
Practices in all the courts of Centre county. Special attention to Collections. Consultations in German or English.

C. T. Alexander. C. M. Bower.
ALEXANDER & BOWER,
Attorney-at-Law,
BELLEFONTE, PA.
Office in Garman's new building.

J. A. Beaver. J. W. Gephart.
BEAVER & GEPHART,
Attorneys-at-Law,
BELLEFONTE, PA.
Office on Allegheny Street, North of High Street

DR. GEO. S. FRANK,
Physician & Surgeon,
SPRING MILLS, PA.
Office in Mr. Philip Shook's residence, near the Spring Mills House.
Professional calls promptly answered. 3m

H. B. HERING,
Surveyor & Scrivener,
PENN HALL, CENTRE CO., PA.
All business entrusted to him will be executed with care and promptness.

D. H. Hastings. W. F. Reeder.
HASTINGS & REEDER,
Attorneys-at-Law,
BELLEFONTE, PA.
Office on Allegheny Street, two doors east of the office occupied by the late firm of Yocum & Hastings.

BROCKERHOFF HOUSE,
ALLEGHENY ST., BELLEFONTE, PA.
C. G. McMILLEN,
PROPRIETOR.
Good Sample Room on First Floor. Free Buss to and from all trains. Special rates to witnesses and jurors.

BUY YOUR
BOOTS & SHOES,
AT
J. KAMP'S
LOCK HAVEN, PA.

CLOUGH & WARREN ORGANS
THE ONLY ORGANS WITH QUALIFYING TUBES GIVING A PIPE ORGAN TONE.
Address, CLOUGH & WARREN ORGAN CO., Detroit, Mich.

GET YOUR JOB PRINTING DONE AT
The Millheim Journal Office.
FINE WORK CHEAPLY EXECUTED.

IRVIN HOUSE,
(Most Central Hotel in the city.)
CORNER OF MAIN AND JAY STREETS,
LOCK HAVEN, PA.
S. WOODS CALDWELL
PROPRIETOR.
Good Sample Rooms for Commercial Travelers on first floor.

S. R. KAMP,
—Watchmaker & Jeweler,—
MILTON, PA.
OFFERS SPECIAL BARGAINS
—IN—
Ladies' and Gents' Solid Gold and Silver
Watches,
WATCHES, WATCHES, WATCHES, WATCHES
Plated Chains AND Jewelry,
ELEGANT LINE OF
Ladies' and Gents' Solid Gold Rings.
FINE LARGE STOCK OF
SILVER WARE,
!!! All Guaranteed of Best Make !!!
Goods sent to responsible parties to select from Orders by mail will receive prompt attention. All kinds of repairing promptly done. Goods to be repaired can be sent by mail and will be returned in the shortest possible time.
All kinds of Gold and Hair Jewelry made to order.
SEND FOR PRICE LIST.

PENSIONS For wound, disease or other disability. Widows, minor children and dependent parents entitled when death resulted. Claims reopened, restoration, increased bounty, back pay and discharges obtained. Apply at once, delay prejudices your rights. Fees fixed by law. Address, with stamp, the old established firm of EDSON & CO., Attorneys and Claim Agents, 917 F St., Washington, D. C.

A. SIMON & SONS,
WHOLESALE & RETAIL GROCERS,
keep the largest stock in the
143 MAIN STREET,
LOCK HAVEN.
GO TO
SIMON BROTHERS,
THE BOSS CLOTHIERS
for your Clothing.
45 MAIN STREET,
LOCK HAVEN.

BAKER HOUSE,
North Second Street,
Half a square south of the L. & T. R. R. Depot,
LEWISBURG, PA.
New and commodious Building; Equipped in all departments with entirely new Furniture.
No efforts spared to make the BAKER HOUSE a pleasant, comfortable Home to all guests.
An excellent Livery attached.
W. N. BAKER, Proprietor.

CLEVAN DINGES. R. F. VONADA.
New Firm—New Store
AT COBURN.
Dinges, Vonada & Co.,
—DEALERS IN—
GENERAL MERCHANDISE,
would hereby call the attention of the public to the fact that they have opened a new store at Coburn and respectfully solicit a share of public patronage.
Produce taken in Exchange for goods.

PATENTS.
F. A. Lehmann, Solicitor of American and Foreign Patents, Washington, D. C. All business connected with Patents, whether before the Patent Office or the Courts, promptly attended to. No charge made unless a patent is secured. Send for circular. tf

P. H. STOVER,
—DEALER IN—
Clover Seed,
Flour & Feed,
Coal,
Plaster & Salt.
COBURN, PA.
HIGHEST MARKET PRICE ALWAYS PAID.
A full supply of Coal, Plaster and Salt always on hand and sold at the lowest price
Coal kept under roof at all seasons of the year.
The public patronage respectfully solicited. 39ly

HEALTH IS WEALTH!

DR. E. C. WEST'S NERVE AND BRAIN TREATMENT, a guaranteed specific for Hysteria, Dizziness, Convulsions, Fits, Nervous Neuralgia, Headache, Nervous Prostration caused by the use of alcohol or tobacco, Wakefulness, Mental Depression, Softening of the Brain resulting in insanity and leading to misery, decay and death, Premature Old Age, Barrenness, Loss of Power in either sex, Involuntary Losses and Spermatorrhœa caused by over-exertion of the brain, self-abuse or over-indulgence. Each box contains one month's treatment. $1 a box, or six boxes for $5, sent by mail prepaid on receipt of price.
WE GUARANTEE SIX BOXES
To cure any case. With each order received by us for six boxes, accompanied with $5, we will send the purchaser our written guarantee to refund the money if the treatment does not effect a cure. Guarantees issued only by
EISNER & MENDELSON, 319 Race Street, Philadelphia, Pa.
"PURITAS."
The celebrated Vegetable Blood Purifier. It immediately cures Headache, Constipation, Purifies the Skin. Mailed anywhere upon receipt of 25 cents. Unsurpassed for Children.
EISNER & MENDELSON,
320 Race Street, Philadelphia, Pa.

Warranted the most perfect Force-Feed Fertilizer Drill in existence. Send for circular. A. B. FARQUHAR, York, Pa.
Pennsylvania Agricultural Works, York, Pa.
Parquhar's Standard Engines & Saw Mills.

Address, A. B. FARQUHAR, York, Pa.
STEAM ENGINES,
A. B. FARQUHAR, York Pa.
Cheapest and best for all purposes—simple, strong and durable. SAW, GRIST MILLS AND MACHINERY generally. Inquiries promptly answered. Send for Illustrated Catalogue

Vertical Engines, with or without wheels, very convenient, economical and complete in every detail, best and cheapest Vertical in the world. Fig. 1. Is Engine in use. Fig. 2 ready for use.

SEND FOR CATALOGUE
THE FARQUHAR SEPARATOR
(Warranted.)

Pennsylvania Agricultural Works York, Pa.
Address A. B. FARQUHAR, York, Pa.
FARQUHAR KEYSTONE CORN PLANTER
Warranted the best corn dropper and most perfect force-feed fertilizer distributor in the world.
SEND FOR CATALOGUE. Address A. B. FARQUHAR, York, Pa.

THE
Buchanan Wind Mill
UNEXCELLED FOR
BEAUTY, DURABILITY AND LIGHT RUNNING.

New method of attaching the Sails, MAKING IT THE MOST POWERFUL AND DURABLE MILL BUILT.
ALL KINDS OF
TANKS, PIPE, PUMPS, Etc.
Be sure to send for our new Catalogue before buying.
BUCHANAN WIND MILL CO.,
BUCHANAN, MICHIGAN.

TUTT'S PILLS
TORPID BOWELS, DISORDERED LIVER, and MALARIA.
From these sources arise three-fourths of the diseases of the human race. These symptoms indicate their existence: Loss of Appetite, Bowels costive, Sick Headache, fullness after eating, aversion to exertion of body or mind, Exhaustion of food, Irritability of temper, Low spirits, A feeling of having neglected some duty, Dizziness, Fluttering at the Heart, Dots before the eyes, highly colored Urine, CONSTIPATION, and demand the use of a remedy that acts directly on the Liver. As a Liver medicine TUTT'S PILLS have no equal. Their action on the Kidneys and Skin is also prompt; removing all impurities through these three "scavengers of the system," producing appetite, sound digestion, regular stools, a clear skin and a vigorous body. TUTT'S PILLS cause no nausea or griping nor interfere with daily work and are a perfect
ANTIDOTE TO MALARIA.
HE FEELS LIKE A NEW MAN.
"I have had Dyspepsia, with Constipation, two years, and have tried ten different kinds of pills, and TUTT'S are the first that have done me any good. They have cleaned me out nicely. My appetite is splendid, food digests readily, and I now have natural passages. I feel like a new man." W. D. EDWARDS, Palmyra, O.
Sold everywhere, 25c. Office, 44 Murray St., N.Y.

TUTT'S HAIR DYE.
GRAY HAIR OR WHISKERS changed instantly to a GLOSSY BLACK by a single application of this DYE. Sold by Druggists, or sent by express on receipt of $1.
Office, 44 Murray Street, New York.
TUTT'S MANUAL OF USEFUL RECEIPTS FREE.

D. S. MORGAN & CO.
MANUFACTURE THE

DURABLE LIGHT DRAFT
Triumph Reapers
AND THE NOISELESS
New Clipper Mower.
The TRIUMPH REAPERS are unequaled for simplicity in construction, ease of management, light weight, durability and good working capacity in all conditions of grain.
The NEW CLIPPER has all the advantages of the OLD CLIPPER MOWER with many valuable improvements.
SEND FOR ILLUSTRATED CIRCULAR.
GOOD AGENTS WANTED in unoccupied territory.
D. S. MORGAN & CO.,
Brockport, Monroe Co., N.Y.

$1000 REWARD
For any machine hulling and cleaning as fast or as much Clover Seed in one DAY as the VICTOR
Double Huller, it has made $100 often IN ONE DAY

VICTOR
ILLUSTRATED Pamphlet mailed FREE.
NEWARK MACHINE CO.
NEWARK, O.

THIS PAPER may be found on file at GEO. P. ROWELL & Co's Newspaper Advertising Bureau (10 Spruce Street), where advertising contracts may be made for it in NEW YORK.

CHILDREN'S COLUMN.

"Mother's Dear Comfort."

The kitchen is clean and cozy,
And bright with the sunshine gay
And "Mother's dear Comfort" for mother's sake
Is busily working away
Paring potatoes, and thinking
"It's humdrum work to do,"
But little Miss Comfort is willing and quick,
And the sunbeams are helping her through.

For mother is sick and is sleeping,
And baby is quiet at last;
And father 'll be wanting his dinner soon,
The minutes are flying so fast.
Oh, she knows he will kiss her, and love her,
And call her his "Busy Bee;"
But mother's pet name is the truest of all,
For "Mother's dear Comfort" is she.

How Josey Was Caught.

Josey liked to keep office for his "Uncle Doctor," as he called him. But the doctor did not always like to trust him there when he was called away, for Josey had a habit of looking into things that made the doctor fear he might get into mischief, for Josey was a meddlesome boy. One day, however, Josey found himself alone, and began to look at everything on the table. The electric battery pleased him most.

"Ho! I know how to fix this," he said. "If any man came in that wanted 'lectric treatment I could do it as well as Uncle Doctor. There! Now it's all right! Now you take hold of these handles."

The taking hold was very easy enough, but letting go was quite another matter. Any little boy or girl who has ever tried it will know how Josey's arms jingled and ached, but he had to hold on—he could not let go; and there he was, tears running down his face, when his uncle heard his screams and came in.

"You got caught that time, Josey," said his uncle when he had set him free. "Now, remember that bad habits hold fast to a boy worse than an electric battery does, and are harder to get rid of. And meddling is a very bad habit."

"I won't have any more to do with either of them," said Josey.—*Sunbeam.*

The Vain Old Woman.

There was once an old woman so very poor that she had no house, but lived in a hollow tree. One day she found a piece of money lying in the road. Full of joy at her good fortune, she began to consider what she should buy with the money.

"If I get anything to eat," she said to herself, "I shall quickly devour it, and that will be the end of the matter. That will not do at all. If I buy clothes, people will call me proud, and that will not do; and besides I have no closet to keep them in. Ah! I have it! I will buy a broom, and then everybody that I meet will think I have a house. A broom is the thing. A broom it shall be."

So the old woman went into the next town and bought a broom. She walked proudly along with her purchase, looking about her all the time to see if people noticed her and looked envious, thinking of her house. But as no one seemed to remark her, she began to be discontented with her bargain.

"Does everybody have a house except me?" she said to herself, crossly. "I wish I had bought something else!"

Presently she met a man carrying a small jar of oil.

"This is what I want," exclaimed the old woman; "anybody can have a house, but only the truly rich can have oil to light it with."

So she bartered her broom for the oil, and went on more proudly than ever, holding the jar so that all could see it. Still she failed to attract any particular notice, and she was once more discontented. As she went moodily along she met a woman with a bunch of large flowers.

"Here, at last, I have what I want," the old woman thought. "If I can get these, all that see me will believe I am just getting my house ready for a brilliant party. Then they'll be jealous, I hope."

So when the woman with the flowers came close to her she offered her oil for them, and the other gladly made the change.

"Now I am indeed fortunate!" she said to herself. "Now I am somebody!"

But still she failed to attract attention, and, happening to glance at her old dress, it suddenly occurred to her that she might be mistaken for a servant carrying flowers for her master. She was so much vexed by the thought that she flung the bouquet into the ditch, and went home to her tree empty-handed.

"Now I am well rid of it all," she said to herself.—*St. Nicholas.*

Stammering.

Statistics collected in Prussia show that about two persons in every 1000 stammer. This makes 2,500,000 of stammerers in the world. But, as stammering among North American Indians was unknown in Catlin's times it is probably a disease of advanced civilization.

A quart of good milk should weigh nearly two pounds and two and one-half ounces.

Lord Salisbury personally superintends the cultivation of several of his farms near London.

LATEST NEWS.

LONDON, August 12.—The Spanish minister of war has informed the cabinet that four rebel sergeants had been shot at Santo Domingo. Telegrams from the Spanish provinces tend to show that the insurrection is almost ended.

One hundred warehouses have been destroyed by fire in Roumelia.

The riotous demonstrations against the Jews in Hungary continue.

The Star Music Hall, in Sunderland, England, has been burned. The persons in the building all escaped safely.

English doctors in Egypt say that the present epidemic is distinct from the Asiatic cholera. There were 789 deaths in Egypt on Saturday. People are fleeing from Alexandria to Cairo.

A despatch from Laredo to the *News* says: "A report comes direct from Queretaro, Mexico, which is about 100 miles below Laredo, that Cortina was in that place last Tuesday with 300 revolutionists. From reliable reports it is probable that the northern states of Mexico will be in a state of revolution before the year is out. The complaint seems to be against the manifest usurpation of power by the general government at the city of Mexico. Only a few days ago the Mayor and City Council of New Laredo were fined in a large sum because of their removal of city offices against the wishes of the government.

The large tannery of P. & P. Costello, at Camden, New York, has been destroyed by fire. Together with a large amount of stock. Loss estimated at $100,000.

A dispatch received at Tombstone, Arizona, says that Wells, Fargo & Co's express has been robbed between Riverside and Pioneer of $3,200. Express Agent John Collins was killed and one passenger wounded.

A Williamsport (Pa.) dispatch reports the defalcation and flight of James O. Parker, a prominent lawyer of that city. It is thought his embezzlements will reach $30,000. Mr. Jacob Tome, of Port Deposit, Md., is a creditor to the amount of $3,000.

The City National Bank, of Lawrenceburg, Ind., has suspended. Dewitt C. Fitch is president of the bank, his son Henry is vice-president and his son Walter cashier. Henry Fitch is largely engaged in saw-mill operations, and has been borrowing the bank's money. The assets are reported to be ample to meet all liabilities.

It is given out that the best grade of petroleum is found in Missouri in abundance. Old Pennsylvania oil men are taking to he country, and lands are being bought at fabulous prices. Thousands of acres are being leased and options taken for thousands of acres more, and many large and small tracts have been purchased at from $50 to $100, that a month ago could have been bought for $20 to $40. Several gas wells have been found.

The town of Vineyard Haven, Martha's Vineyard, was nearly destroyed by fire on Saturday night. A lare number of cottages, mostly belonging to summer residents, have been burned. The fire broke out at 9 o'clock. It originated in the harness manufactory of R. W. Crocker, and quickly swept through the village to the westward. There being no fire apparatus in the town, assistance was summoned from Cottage City by telephone. Nearly the entire population of that place hastened to the scene. The burned section begins at Jenkins's paint shop, on the east side of Main street, and extends southward to and includtng the Mansion House. The loss is estimated at $200,000. No lives were lost. The town was full of summer boarders, and 200 will be thrown out of accommodations.

The Kimball House, at Atlanta, Ga., the largest hotel in the South, was discovered on fire on Sunday morning, and soon the flames getting beyond control, Mr. Scoville, the proprietor, ordered the guests to be awakened. Guards went through the hallways breaking open doors where necessary to insure the safety of the guests. The fire having originated in the rear of the building was favorable to the escape of all. Within twenty minutes the hotel was emptied of its guests, and within one hour the structure was razed to the ground. The hotel was built by H. J. Kimball and owned by Robert Toombs, John Rice, Joseph B. Thompson and others. It cost $600,000, and the furniture was valued at $125,000, insurance only $80,000, scattered. In the hotel were the Gate City National Bank, Harrison & Bro., tobacconists; John B. Daniel, drugs; and others are among the losers. The total loss is a million dollars, and the insurance is not over $200,000. The fire is claimed by Mr. Culberson, agent of the company, to be of incendiary origin. In the vaults of the Gate City Bank were half a million dollars, and its safety is yet a matter of doubt. It is feared that some lives have been lost.

GENERAL NEWS.

LONDON, August 10.—The situation in Spain is regarded as serious. Martial law has been proclaimed at Barcelona. Bodies of rebels are said to be marching northward, it is supposed, to concentrate at some selected point for a combined movement.

There were 795 deaths from cholera in Egypt on Thursday.

The Corrupt Practices bill passed its third reading in the English House of Commons last night.

It has been decided not to press the Petroleum bill at the present session of the British Parliament.

It is reported that a fresh collision has occurred between the troops and the populace at Ekaterinoslay, Russia, in which one hundred people were killed.

A riot broke out in Alexandria last night in consequence of the report that English doctors were poisoning natives. It was easily quelled by the British troops.

Campbell Wallace has been reappointed a railroad commissioner by the Governor of Georgia.

Fearing the introduction of cholera from China and Japan, the San Francisco Board of Health has adopted a resolution that all Asiatic ports be declared infected, and that all vessels arriving be quarantined until the fullest examination be made.

Under the act of June 23, 1836, providing for the depositing of the surplus revenue in the United States treasury, Maryland received the first three installments, amounting to $955,838,25, and Virginia, $2,198,427.99, Pennsylvania, $2,867.78, and Delaware, $286,75I.49.

A reunion of the Confederate soldiers of Warren county, N. C., was held Aug. 10, it being estimated that 7,000 persons were present. A patriotic and eloquent address was delivered by Senator M. W. Ransom. Gov. Jarvis and other distinguished persons were present.

An important case was decided in the Circuit Court of Tyler county, W. Va., a few days ago, having no precedent in that State, and creating great interest among the laboring classes. An employe was injured by an explosion of fire-damp six months ago in the Garton mine. He brought suit for $2,000, and the court has awarded him the full amount of his claim. The operators intend to carry the case to the Supreme Court.

The directors of the First National Bank of Indianapolis, on which a run was made, has formed a syndicate, and increased the stock to $800,000, Mr. W. H. English and Mr. Depauw becoming responsible for the management. At ten minutes before 3 P. M. the doors were thrown open, and Mr. English invited the crowd of depositors who had gathered on the outside to come in and get their money. The bank was kept open an hour after the closing time, and all checks presented were paid.

The Chicago Times says that secret agents of the Canadian government have been in that city for some time shadowing prominent Irish nationalists, and that they have positive information of a premeditated design to destroy the Welland Canal by the use of explosives. It is further asserted that the United States government has been asked to assist in thwarting the conspiracy.

At Danville, Va., a fire broke out in the small frame building on Gerst's Cotton Mill premises, between Union street and the canal. The wind blowing from the east the flames rapidly spread, involving the brick annex to the cotton mill, which was quickly consumed. It then spread to Holland's Block, five brick stores on Union street, thence to Holland's tobacco warehouse, consuming all the property in its course.

The Florida Ship-Canal is by no means abandoned. General Stone, the chief engineer of the canal company, declares that the watershed to be dug through is not as high as the highest in the Suez canal, and that available entrances from deep water have been found at each terminus. According to the General; "The canal would save from three to seven days' time for all the steamers and sailing vessels going into and out of the Gulf of Mexico." Estimating the salary and expense account of a large ocean steamer at $5,000 a month, and the cost of coal at from $300 to $400 per day, Gen. Stone figures out a saving "in the mere matter of time" of $1,500. "The navigation through the Florida Straits is the most dangerous known, and the annual losses from wreckage are enormous.

LONDON, August 9.—Featherstone, Deasy Flannigan and Dalton have been convicted of treason-felony in Liverpool and sentenced to lifelong penal servitude.

The denial of Cetewayo's death is again repeated.

There were 627 deaths from cholera in Egypt on Wednesday.

The statements in regard to the extent and importance of the military uprising in Spain are contradictory.

M. Feuillant, editor of the Paris *Gaulois*, has been sent to prison for three months for inciting men to socialist riot.

Hanlon and Smith and other Phœnix Park informers have arrived at Sydney, N. S. W., but have not been permitted to land.

Morris Scharf, the boy witness in the recent Jewish trials in Hungary, has confessed his perjury. Thirty-two persons who took part in the riots against his father and other Jews in Pesth have been arrested.

The country is in a very agitated condition. A revolution is momentarily expected in this city. The government is penniless, and business is at a standstill. The town of Jacmel has pronounced in favor of revolution, and a pronunciamento is immediately expected at Cape Haytien. A great battle has been fought before Jeremie, in which the government troops were completely defeated, and several of their generals were taken and executed.—Haytian Dispatch.

Washington Notes

Adjutant-General Drum has admitted, in reply to questions, that he has under consideration the establishment of a national militia, of which each State should furnish its quota, that might be called upon should occasion for their services arise. Plans for such an organization are being prepared.

Attorney-General Brewster has given an opinion to the effect that interest cannot be allowed on State war claims under the act of July 27, 1861.

The statement that the new four-cent postage stamp recently approved by the Third Assistant Postmaster-General will contain a bust picture of Andrew Johnson is erroneous. The determination is to have a bust picture of Andrew Jackson on the stamp.

Postmaster-General Gresham mailed a letter to the Director-General of Post of Mexico, calling his attention to the railway facilities lately acquired between his country and the United States, and suggesting that hereafter in all cases where practicable mail matter be sent by rail, instead of by steamer, as at present.

The Treasury Department at Washington is contemplating the erection of additional vaults in the Treasury building and in the New Orleans mint for the storage of silver dollars.

The Treasury Department has paid out nearly $1,000,000 on account of pensions since August 1.

The Secretary of War has declined to revoke the order for the trial by court-martial of Lieut. W. C. Robertson for duplicating his pay accounts, and he will be tried at the time and place designated.

THE MARKETS.

BALTIMORE.			
FLOUR—City Mills extra..	$4 00	@	4 75
WHEAT—Southern Fultz..	1 14	@	1 17
CORN—Southern white....	50	@	63
Do yellow.....	64	@	66
RYE—Good.....	65	@	67
OATS—Maryland.....	42	@	47
COTTON—Middling.....	10	@	10¼
Good ordinary.....	8¼	@	8½
HAY—Md. and Pa. Timoth'y	17 00	@	18 00
STRAW—Wheat.....	7 00	@	8 00
BUTTER—Western prime.	22	@	23
West Virginia.....	17	@	18
CHEESE—New York State choice.....	11	@	12
Western prime.....	9	@	10½
EGGS.....	16	@	17
CATTLE.....	5 50	@	6 75
SWINE—.....	8	@	8¾
SHEEP AND LAMBS....	4½	@	4¾
TOBACCO LEAF—Inferior	2 50	@	4 00
Good common.....	3 00	@	4 00
Middling.....	7 00	@	7 50
Good to fine red.....	8 00	@	10 00
Fancy.....	10 00	@	16 00
NEW YORK.			
COTTON—Middling upland	10	@	10⅛
FLOUR—Southern com. to fair extra.....	4 50	@	5 30
WHEAT—No. 1 white.....	1 18	@	1 19
RYE—State.....	62	@	65
CORN—Southern Yellow...	63	@	65
OATS—White State.....	43	@	43½
BUTTER—State.....	22	@	23
CHEESE—State.....	9	@	13
EGGS.....	19	@	23
PHILADELPHIA			
FLOUR—Penna fancy....	4 75	@	510
WHEAT—Pa. and Southern red.....	1 16	@	1 17
RYE—Pennsylvania	65		67
CORN—Southern yellow...	60	@	65
OATS.....	45	@	46
BUTTER—State.....	20	@	25
CHEESE—N. Y. factory...	8	@	12
EGGS State.....	15	@	20

LITTLE, BUT GOOD.

An Adventure in Which a Traveler, a Bully and a Hotel Clerk Figured.

"Yes," said a well-known Evansville tourist to us the other day, "I've traveled a good deal in Kentucky, and it isn't a particular quiet country for a man to move about in. The better sort of people there, mind you, are as nice folks as you would meet with anywhere, but the roughs are about as rough as they make them."

"Did you ever get into any trouble?"

"Once, when I was staying at Lexington, I had a rather unpleasant adventure."

"Let us have it, by all means."

"I noticed a big tough fellow come into the hotel and pay for a bed. He was as ugly a looking brute as I ever saw. Wore a black patch over his eye, and had his baggy jeans stuffed into his boots like a regular dime novel border ruffian. I came at once to the conclusion that it would be healthy to keep out of that fellow's way, and I confess I was surprised that such a bully would be accepted as a guest at a first-class hotel.

"The next morning I was up early. It was a little chilly and I took a chair by the stove while they got breakfast ready. I hadn't been there more than five minutes before in walked the very fellow I wished to avoid, and he drew up a chair and sat down beside me.

"'Say, stranger, how about them trains for Danville?'

"'I don't know anything about the trains,' said I, rather stiffly.

"Then I got up and took a chair near the door. There was no one in the office but a dapper little clerk, a chirpy little fellow about five feet high and very girlish in appearance.

"The obnoxious individual came and squatted down in a chair beside me. I felt myself getting hot and cold with vexation, but knowing that I would have no chance in a personal encounter with such a giant, prudence suggested that I act quietly. Then he drew out of his pocket a dirty piece of tobacco which looked as though he had half-chawed it with his wolfish fangs.

"'Hev a chaw, stranger?

"'Thank you, I never chew.'

"'Now, see here, yer stuckup cuss. Think yer can come down here and show off yer high-toned airs. Guess yer'll swaller that lump of 'bacca, or I'll—'

"What he would have done I do not know, for in an instant, with all the lithe activity of a panther, that little clerk sprang over the counter with a big navy revolver in his hand, and every hair of his head bristling like the back of a terrier in a dog fight.

"'Get out of this, you brute, or I'll blow the roof of your head off.'

"The bully's savage look vanished from his face and, like a whipped hound, he slunk backward out at the door, only saying in a meek, shame-faced manner: "Don't shoot, mister; for God's sake, don't shoot; I war only foolin'.'

"Then, when the door was slammed to on the figure of the retreating bully, the clerk turned to me and said in the most polite and indifferent manner: 'I think, sir, you'll find your breakfast ready.'

"Yes, they often wrap up first-class goods in little parcels."—*Evansville Argus.*

Olive Culture in America.

The olive has lately acquired for Americans a new and practical interest from the discovery that it can be easily and profitably grown in California. Residents of California have been accustomed to consider a small bottle of "Mission oil" for their salad as a treasure; for it far surpasses in purity and sweetness any imported oil. But it is only within a few years that private owners of land in Southern California have seriously considered the question whether olive culture could be made a paying enterprise. So many possibilities cling to the broad lands and rich soil of the Golden State that it is not wonderful if some of them have been overlooked. And, though experiments in olive-growing have been made on a small scale with good success during the last twenty years, popular interest is only now beginning to be awakened. In the first place there was the drawback, peculiarly great to the American temperament, of the slowness of growth, and irregular productiveness of the olive in Europe. The old Tuscan saying is, "Plant a vineyard for yourself, an orange grove for your children, and an olive orchard for your grandchildren." As a people, we are not fond of looking far into the future; and besides, judging from ourselves, we are not at all sure that our grandchildren will wish to live where we do. But the olive is good enough to adapt itself to the rapitity of American demands. It matures much earlier than in Europe, and bears oftener and more plentifully. The system of propagation from cuttings, as far as can be judged at present, gives, in our rich soil, robust trees; and there is no need to employ the slow process of raising them from the seed. Five years is surely not long to wait for a crop; and after that time, according to the best California authorities, the trees will yield a full and in many cases an annual harvest. At a late meeting of the State horticultural society in San Francisco it was stated that one olive farm yielded $2,200 to the acre. These trees bore every year, and were situated on "adobe" hillsides, the bottom lands being found, as in Italy, less favorable to the fruit. The variety was the "Mission olive," which has not been identified with any of the varieties now cultivated in Europe. The olive was introduced into South America in 1560, by Antonio Ribera; but the California trees sprang from seeds sent from San Blas in Mexico by Don Joseph de Galvez with his expedition to rediscover the port of Monterey.—*Century.*

Full of Hope.

Dr. Charles Lloyd, of Great Bridge, Va., endorsed it. In the full vigor of life a sudden cramp is often the precusor of death. Dr. Worthington's renowned Cholera and Diarrhœa Medicine should be in every household, as a sure cure for all complaints of the stomach and bowels. Price 25 and 50 cents a bottle.

"Were it left to me," said Jefferson, "to decide whether we should have a government without newspapers or newspapers without a government, I should not hesitate a moment to prefer the latter."

Church music is always measured by the quire.

TORNADOES.

Scientifically Accounted for, and Some Remote Causes that Produce Painful Results Explained.

The following synopsis of a lecture delivered by Dr. Horace R. Hamilton before the New York society for the promotion of science, contains so much that is timely and important that it can be read with both interest and profit:

There is probably no subject of modern times that has caused and is causing greater attention than the origin of tornadoes. Scientists have studied it for the benefit of humanity; men have investigated it for the welfare of their families. It has been a vexed subject long considered, and through all this investigation the cyclone has swept across the land, carrying destruction to scienti ts as well as to the innocent dwellers in its track. One thing, however, is certain; the cause of the cyclone must be sought far away from the whirling body of wind itself. Its results are powerful: its cause must also be powerful. Let us therefore consider a few facts. First, the appearance of a cyclone is invariably preceded by dark spots upon the face of the sun. These spots, indicating a disturbed condition of the solar region, necessarily affect the atmosphere of our earth. An unusual generation of heat in one part of the atmosphere is certain to cause a partial vacuum in another portion. Air must rush in to fill this vacuum. Hence the disturbances—hence the cyclone. This theory find additional confirmation in the fact that tornadoes come during the day and not at night. The dark spots upon the surface of the sun, whatever they may be, seem to cause great commotion in the atmosphere of the world, and it is almost certain that the extremely wet weather of the present season can be accounted for on precisely this basis. Is it reasonable to suppose that the marvelous effect of the sun upon vegetation and life in general shall be less than upon the atmosphere itself through which its rays come? The cause is remote, but the effect is here.

After describing some of the terrible effects of the cyclone, the speaker went on to say:

This rule finds its application in nearly every department of life. An operator is in San Francisco—the click of the instrument manipulated by his fingers, in New York. The president makes a slight stroke of the pen in his study at the White House, and the whole nation is aroused by the act. An uneasiness and disgust with everything in life, commonly called home-sickness, is felt by many people, when the cause is to be found in the distant home thousands of miles away. An uncertain pain may be felt in the head. It is repeated in other parts of the body. The appetite departs and all energy is gone. Is the cause necessarily to be found in the head? The next day the feeling increases. There are added symptoms. They continue and become more aggravated. The slight pains in the head increase to agonies. The nausea becomes chronic. The heart grows irregular, and the breathing uncertain. All these effects have a definite cause, and, after years of deep experience upon this subject, I do not hesitate to say that this cause is to be found in some derangement of the kidneys or liver far away from that portion of the body in which these effects appear. But one may say, I have no pain whatever in my kidneys or liver. Very true. Neither have we any evidence that there is a tornado on the surface of the sun; but it is none the less certain that the tornado is here, and it is none the less certain that these great organs of the body are the cause of the trouble although there may be no pain in their vicinity.

I know whereof I speak, for I have passed through this very experience myself. Nearly ten years ago I was the picture of health, weighing more than 200 pounds, and as strong and healthy as any man I ever knew. When I felt the symptoms I have above described they caused me annoyance, not only by reason of their aggravating nature, but because I had never felt any pain before. Other doctors told me I was troubled with malaria, and I treated myself accordingly. I did not believe, however, that malaria could show such aggravated symptoms. It never occurred to me that analysis would help solve the trouble, as I did not presume my difficulty was located in that portion of the body. But I continued to grow worse. I had a faint sensation at the pit of my stomach nearly every day. I felt a great desire to eat, and yet I loathed food. I was constantly tired, and still I could not sleep. My brain was unusually active, but I could not think connectedly. My existence was a living misery. I continued in this condition for nearly a year; never free from pain, never for a moment happy. Such an existence is far worse than death, for which I confess I earnestly longed.

It was while suffering thus that a friend advised me to make a final attempt to recover my health. I sneered inwardly at his suggestion, but I was too weak to make any resistance. He furnished me with a remedy, simple yet palatable, and within two days I observed a slight change for the better. This awakened my courage. I felt that I would not die at that time. I continued the use of the remedy, taking it in accordance with directions, until I became not only restored to my former health and strength, but of greater vigor than I have ever before known. This condition has continued up to the present time, and I believe I should have died as miserably as thousands of other men have died and are dying every day had it not been for the simple yet wonderful power of Warner's Safe Cure, the remedy I employed.

The lecturer then described his means of restoration more in detail, and concluded as follows:

My complete recovery has caused me to investigate the subject more carefully, and I believe I have discovered the key to most ill health of our modern civilization. I am fully confident that four-fifths of the disease which afflict humanity might be avoided were the kidneys and liver kept in perfect condition. Were it possible to control the action of the sun, cyclones could undoubtedly be averted. That, however, is one of the things that cannot be. But I rejoice to say that it is possible to control the kidneys and liver, to render their action wholly normal and their effect upon the system that of purifiers rather than poisoners. That this end has been accomplished largely by means of the remedy I have named I do not have a doubt, and I feel it my duty to make this open declaration for the enlightenment of the profession and for the benefit of suffering humanity in all parts of the world.

Summer pleasures are fast waning.

LYON'S Patent Metallic Heel Stiffeners keep new boots and shoes from running over. Sold by shoe and hardware dealers.

Fall is sticking its nose into the summer.

"Rough on Rats."

Clears out rats, mice, roaches, flies, bedbugs, ants, skunks, chipmunks, gophers. 15c. D'g'sts

When the dog gets after the boy in the melon patch, and there is no trees handy, he sings, "Oh, for the garden wall."

Mother Swan's Worm Syrup.

Infallible, tasteless, harmless, cathartic; feverishness, restlessness, worms, constipation. 25c.

Selfishness is proverbial in mean people.

"Buchu-Paiba."

The Quick, complete cure, annoying Kidney, Bladder, Urinary Diseases. $1. Druggists.

Don't forget to purchase a return ticket when you go on your vacation. It may come handy to get back with.

Why don't you use St. Patrick's Salve? Try it. Use it. 25c. at all druggists.

The N. O. Picayune sends out this unkind cut: "The tailor's goose is now believed to be the dude."

Enrich and revitalize the blood by using Brown's Iron Bitters.

There is a town in Alabama where eggs are sold by the peck.

CHARLOTTEVILLE, Va.—Mr. C. H. Harman, president of the People's Bank, testifies to the value of Brown's Iron Bitters for relieving indigestion.

Chickens get upon the world's deck through the hatchway.

MARIANNA, Fla.—Dr. Theo. West, says: "I consider Brown's Iron Bitters the best tonic that is sold."

An old rounder—the sun.

MENSMAN'S PEPTONIZED BEEF TONIC, the only preparation of beef containing its *entire nutritious properties.* It contains blood-making, force generating and life-sustaining properties; invaluable for indigestion, dyspepsia, nervous prostration, and all forms of general debility; also, in all enfeebled conditions, whether the result of exhaustion, nervous prostration, overwork or acute disease, particularly if resulting from pulmonary complaints. Caswell, Hazard & Co., Proprietors, New York. Sold by druggists.

Paris green—the chap who has been there for a week.

Save trouble and expense in washing, and always have nice fitting collars and cuffs, by wearing Chrolithion.

If you experience bad taste in mouth, sallowness or yellow color of skin, feel stupid and drowsy, appetite unsteady, frequent headache or dizziness, you are "billious," and nothing will arouse your liver to action and strengthen up your system equal to Dr. Pierce's "Golden Medical Discovery." By druggists.

"There's plenty of room at the top," is very true of dudes.

"ENJOY YOUR LIFE"

is good philosophy, but to do so you must have health. If billious and constipated, or blood is out of order, use Dr. Pierce's "Pleasant Purgative Pellets," which are mild yet certain in their operation. Of all druggists.

A man who breaks his word—The stutterer.

A BONANZA MINE

of health is to be found in Dr. R.V. PIERCE'S "Favorite Prescription," to the merits of which as a remedy for female weakness and kindred affections thousands testify.

An old landmark—"For Sale."

ON THIRTY DAYS' TRIAL.

THE VOLTAIC BELT CO., Marshall, Mich., will send Dr. Dye's Celebrated Electro-Voltaic Belts and Electric Appliances on trial for 30 days to men, young or old, who are afflicted with nervous debility, lost vitality and kindred troubles, guaranteeing speedy and complete restoration of health and manly vigor. Address as above.—N. B.—No risk is incurred, as thirty days' trial is allowed.

Thirty Californians have died in ten years possessed each of over a million, and some of them many millions.

Dr. Stites, Brooklyn, N. Y., was cured by Dr. Elmore's Rheumatine-Goutaline of very severe Rheumatism and kidney disease of several years' standing, after trying everything else without benefit.

Sturgeon eggs are a cent and a half a pound in Pentwater, Mich.

Gastrine.

GASTRINE should be taken before or after meals to insure perfect assimilation of food. GASTRINE is in liquid form. Sold by druggists.

Chicago dudes take nothing stronger than egg-flip.

Army Officer's Testimony.

Captain JOSEPH L. HAYDEN, residing at No. 921 Fourth Street, South Boston, Mass., formerly captain in the army, now with the Walworth Manufacturing Company, South Boston, writes, April 28, 1883: "While living in Cambridgeport my wife was afflicted with terrible pains in her back and sides, accompanied with great weakness and loss of appetite. She tried many so-called remedies without avail, growing rapidly worse, when her attention was called to Hunt's Remedy. She purchased a bottle from Lowell's drug store, in Cambridgeport, and after taking the first dose she began to feel easier, she could sleep well, and after continuing its use a short time the severe pains in her back and side entirely disappeared, and she is a well woman. Many of our relatives and friends have used Hunt's Remedy with the most gratifying results. I have recommended it many times, and as many times heard the same story. Hunt's Remedy is all that is claimed for it, and a real blessing to all afflicted with kidney or liver trouble."

Made a Man of Him.

MR. C. O. WHEELER, No. 23 Austin Street, Cambridgeport, Mass., makes the following remarkable statement. On April 27, 1883, he writes as follows: "I have been troubled with kidney disease for nearly twenty years. Have suffered at times with terrible pains in my back and limbs. I used many medicines, but found nothing reached my case until I took Hunt's Remedy. I purchased a bottle of A. P. Gilson, 630 Tremont Street, Boston, and before I had used this one bottle I found relief, and continuing its use my pains and weakness all disappeared, and I feel like a new man, with new life and vigor. Hunt's Remedy did wonders for me, and I have no hesitancy in recommending it to all afflicted with kidney or liver diseases, as I am positive that by its use they will find immediate relief. You may use this letter in any way you choose, so that the people may know of a sure medicine for the cure of all diseases of kidneys and liver."

Very Well Put.

Why do you defer till to-morrow what we should do to-day? Why do we neglect a cough till it throws us into consumption, and consumption brings us to the grave? Dr. Wm. Hall's Balsam is sure to cure if taken in season. It has never been known to fail. Use it thoroughly according to directions. Persevere till the disease is conquered, as it is certain to be, even if it should require a dozen bottles. There is no better medicine for Pulmonary disorders. Sold everywhere.

Baker's Pain Panacea

Is one of the best Liniments put up. It is a real pain killer, and destroys pain, whether internal or external, whenever used. It has been a standard remedy for the past thirty or forty years.

The freshest stocking is lisle thread in Indigo blue.

DR. WORTHINGTON'S
15
"Cholera & Diarrhoea Medicine" TRADE MARK.
THE GREAT
CHOLERA CRAMP AND DIARRHOEA CURE
USED OVER 22 YEARS.
The best remedy for Cholera, Cramps, Diarrhœa, Dysentery, Summer Complaint, Dyspepsia, and other affections of the stomach and bowels. Introduced in the Army, 1862, by Surgeon-General C. S. A. Recommended by Gen. Warren, Purveyor-General; Hon. Kenneth Rayner, Solicitor U. S. Treasury, and others. Price, 25 cts. Sold by Druggists and Dealers. Only genuine if our name is blown in bottle. Sole proprietors, THE CHARLES A. VOGELER COMPANY, BALTIMORE, MD., U. S. A.

For You, Madam,

Whose Complexion betrays some humiliating imperfection, whose mirror tells you that you are Tanned, Sallow and disfigured in countenance, or have Eruptions, Redness, Roughness or unwholesome tints of Complexion, we say use Hagan's Magnolia Balm.

It is a delicate, harmless and delightful article, producing the most natural and entrancing tints, the artificiality of which no observer can detect, and which soon becomes permanent if the Magnolia Balm is judiciously used.

A Sure Cure for Epilepsy or Fits in 24 hours. Free to poor. Dr. Kruse, 2844 Arsenal St., St. Louis, Mo.

$72 a week. $12 a day at home easily made. Costly outfit free. Address TRUE & Co., Augusta, Me.

Like an Evil Spirit.

In olden times it was thought that evil spirits came in through cracks and keyholes. The generally approved way to keep them out was to plug up the keyholes and stop the cracks with cotton. Notwithstanding these preventive measures, the evil things had their own way and often came in as they pleased.

So comes malaria now-a-days. We try to keep it out of the keyhole and it comes in by the crack. We stop up the crack, and lo! it comes from a leak in the plumbing, or an opening from some neglected drain, or from some unsuspected source and unguarded direction.

We cannot always keep malaria out, but we can give it battle and drive its effects from our systems. If BROWN'S IRON BITTERS is taken in time, malaria has not a ghost of a chance. This is the great family medicine. Your druggist sells it, and you ought to keep a bottle in the house.

A NOTED BUT UNTITLED WOMAN.

[From the Boston *Globe.*]

Messrs. Editors:—

The above is a good likeness of Mrs. Lydia E. Pinkham, of Lynn, Mass., who above all other human beings may be truthfully called the "Dear Friend of Woman," as some of her correspondents love to call her. She is zealously devoted to her work, which is the outcome of a life-study, and is obliged to keep six lady assistants, to help her answer the large correspondence which daily pours in upon her, each bearing its special burden of suffering, of joy at release from it. Her Vegetable Compound is a medicine for good and not evil purposes. I have personally investigated it and am satisfied of the truth of this.

On account of its proven merits it is recommended and prescribed by the best physicians in the country. One says: "It works like a charm and saves much pain. It will cure entirely the worst form of falling of the uterus, Leucorrhœa, irregular and painful Menstruation, all Ovarian Troubles, Inflammation and Ulceration, Floodings, all Displacements and the consequent spinal weakness, and is especially adapted to the Change of Life."

It permeates every portion of the system, and gives new life and vigor. It removes faintness, flatulency, destroys all craving for stimulants, and relieves weakness of the stomach. It cures Bloating, Headaches, Nervous Prostration, General Debility, Sleeplessness, Depression and Indigestion. That feeling of bearing down, causing pain, weight and backache, is always permanently cured by its use. It will at all times, and under all circumstances, act in harmony with the law that governs the female system.

It costs only $1. per bottle or six for $5., and is sold by druggists. Any advice required as to special cases, and the names of many who have been restored to perfect health by the use of the Vegetable Compound, can be obtained by addressing Mrs. P., with stamp for reply, at her home in Lynn, Mass.

For Kidney Complaint of *either sex* this compound is unsurpassed as abundant testimonials show.

"Mrs. Pinkham's Liver Pills," says one writer, "are *the best in the world* for the cure of Constipation, Biliousness and Torpidity of the liver. Her Blood Purifier works wonders in its special line and bids fair to equal the Compound in its popularity.

All must respect her as an Angel of Mercy whose sole ambition is to do good to others.

Philadelphia, Pa. (2) Mrs. A. M. D.

BNU 33

WELLS, RICHARDSON & CO'S
IMPROVED BUTTER COLOR
A NEW DISCOVERY.

For several years we have furnished the Dairymen of America with an excellent artificial color for butter; so meritorious that it met with great success everywhere receiving the highest and only prizes at both International Dairy Fairs.

But by patient and scientific chemical research we have improved in several points, and now offer this new color as *the best in the world.*

It Will Not Color the Buttermilk. It Will Not Turn Rancid. It is the Strongest, Brightest and Cheapest Color Made.

And, while prepared in oil, is so compounded that it is impossible for it to become rancid.

BEWARE of all imitations, and of all other oil colors, for they are liable to become rancid and spoil the butter.

If you cannot get the "improved" write us to know where and how to get it without extra expense. (16)

WELLS, RICHARDSON & CO., Burlington, Vt.

HOSTETTER'S CELEBRATED STOMACH BITTERS

Hostetter's Stomach Bitters, by increasing vital power, and rendering the physical functions regular and active, keeps the system in good working order, and protects it against disease. For constipation, dyspepsia and liver complaint, nervousness, kidney and rheumatic ailments, it is invaluable, and it affords a sure defence against malarial fevers besides removing all traces of such disease from the system. For sale by all Druggists and Dealers generally.

Payne's Automatic Engines.

Established 1840.

Reliable, Durable and Economical, *will furnish a horse power with ⅓ less fuel and water than any other Engine built,* not fitted with an Automatic Cut-off. Send for Illustrated Catalogue "J," for Information and Prices. E. W. PAYNE & SONS, Box 880, Corning, N.Y.

DEELMORE'S RHEUM A LINE GOUT A TIME TRADE MARK.

R. G. is the quickest, pleasantest, surest and best remedy for kidney, liver, stomach, bladder and blood diseases, and only real curative ever discovered for acute and chronic rheumatism, gout, lumbago, sciatica, neuralgia, &c. Has cured hopeless cases Bright's disease and dyspepsia in 3 weeks—all forms of rheumatic disorders in 2 to 12 weeks—relieves inflammatory in 1 day. Can refer to hundreds of reliable people cured who had tried in vain everything else. Purely botanic, harmless, and nice to drink. Ask your druggist to get it; if he declines send to us for it—take nothing else. Elmore, Adams & Co., 105 William st., N.Y.

EDUCATIONAL.

1883. The NEW CALENDAR of the 1884.
NEW ENGLAND
CON